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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 71. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,303

Port Almanac—June 12

Sun Rises	4 41 A M
Sun Sets	7 16 P M
Day's Length	14 h 35 m
High Water at Southport	4.55 A M
High Water at Wilmington	6.35 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 12.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 72°; 8 p. m., 75°; maximum, 80°; minimum, 66°; mean, 73°.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 3 15.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m June 11th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer has fallen during the day generally over all sections, being lowest over the lakes and Texas, and highest over the southeast Atlantic coast.

The warm wave is prevailing with intensity over the interior south of the Western Ohio valley and thence south to the gulf.

Generally fair warmer weather will continue over this locality, with a possibility of local thunderstorms during the late afternoon hours.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Scattered local rains fell over the Carolinas, and at a few points in the interior. Generally fair weather prevailed over the cotton belt, with high maximum mid-day temperatures, averaging above 90 degrees.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair; slightly warmer in eastern portions; light southerly winds.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., June 10.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 7.8 feet.

OUTLINES.

The first test vote on the sugar schedule of the Tariff bill was taken yesterday in the Senate, resulting in the adoption of the Republican amendment changing the House rate to 1.95 cents per pound; the vote was yeas 33, nays 30. —— Col. Frank Huger, superintendent of transportation of the Norfolk & Western railroad, died of apoplexy. —— Trial of officials of the American Tobacco Company will begin in New York Monday. —— Attachments have been issued against the United States Guide and Information Company, New York, said to be a fraudulent concern. —— Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, respited for two weeks Terrell Hudson, sentenced to be hanged at Decatur, Ga., yesterday for murder. —— The Senate committee to which the matter was referred will make adverse report on Tillman's resolution for *an investigation of sugar stock speculations by* Senators. —— The Master Car-builders' Association, in session at Old Point, Va., adjourned yesterday after electing officers. —— The trial by court martial of Commander D. W. Mullan on a charge of drunkenness has been ordered by Secretary Long. —— The torpedo boat Porter was tried yesterday and came up to all expectations. —— It is denied at the Navy Department that the cruiser New York sailed under sealed orders; officials say the ship is going to Newport News and will then return to New York. —— Jas. L. Gordy was hanged yesterday at Georgetown, Del., for the murder of his wife. —— In the game of base ball at Charlotte, the University of Virginia won; score 11 to 7. —— Report of the retirement of Gen. Weyler from Cuba is denied, but there is reason for believing that his resignation has been received by the Spanish premier. —— A treaty of alliance has been arranged between France and Russia. —— Mason Clark was shot and killed by Wm. Franks, near Laurens, S. C.; the latter is in jail. —— Ambassadors of the Powers say it is useless to hope for the early evacuation of Thessaly; Greece will be called upon to pay an indemnity of one and a half million pounds sterling. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1 per cent.; cotton steady—middling 7 11-16c; flour quiet and firm, lower to sell; wheat—spot firm; corn—spot weak; No 2 29¼c at elevator and 29½c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.70 @1.75; spirits turpentine firm at 27½ @28c.

That Tobacco Trust prosecution in New York will doubtless end in smoke.

A Washington dispatch says President McKinley will demand indemnity from Spain for the death of Ruiz.

It seems that they haven't bugs enough in this country, so a bug pursuer has been sent to the South Sea Islands to catch a lot of new ones.

A book has just been published on "how to write fiction." Easy enough. Just interview one of these Republican prosperity prophets and write it down.

A young man has been arrested in Philadelphia for stealing a horse, and the papers can't understand why he should have been such a simpleton as to steal a horse when he might have stolen a bicycle.

When that Brooklyn woman emptied a bucket of water on the noggin of a bill collector she took an original but not entirely satisfactory way of liquidating the debt, for the collector had her arrested.

The Indianapolis *Sentinel* says Attorney General Ketchum is after the street car company with a nimble foot and a sharp stick. And it is anxious, doubtless, to see if he will catch 'em.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Prof. Bernard, the air ship man, had a narrow escape at Nashville the other day. When his ship was about half a mile high the balloon split and he came hustling earthward, but fortunately for him the balloon spread into a sort of parachute when it got near the earth which eased the fall and saved his life, although he was considerably shaken up.

Hon. Mr. Bailey says Hon. W. J. Bryan is a good deal better Democrat now than he was when he ran for the Presidency. Well, that's all right. He was good enough Democrat then to suit 6,500,000 21-year-old Democrats who voted for him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUNIUS DAVIS—Notice.
BIDS—For erecting school house.
NOTICE—A palace in the mountains.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NEILL MCKINNON—Eggs 12½c.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Board of County Commissioners was in session again last night, revising the jury list.

— A delightful boating party was given by a crowd of young ladies and young gentlemen yesterday afternoon.

— At the commencement of Davidson College, the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon Rev. Alexander Sprunt, of Rock Hill, S. C.

— It is Mrs. J. C. Bornemann who is the daughter of Mrs. L. J. Cartrett, heir of the late Geo. Smith, instead of Mrs. G. W. Borneman, as reported.

— Hereafter and until further notice all services at Grace Methodist E. church at night will begin at fifteen minutes after eight o'clock, instead of at eight o'clock as formerly.

— There were not quite as many excursionists from Fayetteville day before yesterday as the STAR, by somebody's error, calculated; 250 instead of 2500, the figures should have been.

— Messrs. Owen F. Love & Company are equipping the new seashore hotel at Ocean View with vapor lamps. They will furnish several hundred more of these lamps for use on the grounds.

— This afternoon at 4 o'clock at the base ball park, corner Ninth and Orange streets, the Wilmington team, Capt. Tony Sellers, and the O. A. N. team, will meet upon the field of battle.

— The W., N. & N. train yesterday had on board quite a number of physicians returning from Morehead City, where they had been attending the sessions of the North Carolina Medical Association.

— Quite a good size excursion reached the city yesterday morning from Darlington, S. C., and other points along the line of the W., C. & A. R. R. After spending the day at Ocean View, the excursionists returned home last night.

— Mr. Fenell P. Turner, of Charlotte, State Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, will speak at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow afternoon at 3 30. All young men are cordially invited to hear him.

— The receipts of cotton at this port for the season up to and including yesterday, were 234,278 bales, against 170,989 for last season to a corresponding date. The local maket closed at 7¼ cents, against 7¼ cents on the corresponding day of last year.

— Late yesterday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Jno. L. Dudley were out driving in a buggy, and at the intersection of Red Cross and Sixth streets, the buggy accidentally turned over, throwing Mr. and Mrs. Dudley out. Fortunately no damage was done, with the exception of a slight bruise received by Mr. Dudley.

— Mr. Jas. F. Post, Jr., of the School Committee, calls for bids for the erection of a two story frame building, to be used for school purposes, on the site of the Hemenway school building. The plans and specifications for the work can be seen after Monday at the office of Mr. Jas. F. Post, architect. All bids must be handed in by noon of next Tuesday. See advertisement.

Confederate Veterans.

The Executive Council of Cape Fear Camp No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, met last night in the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry. Commander L. S. Belden presided and Capt. Henry Savage was secretary. The trip to Nashville, Monday, June 21st, via the S. A. L., returning the following Saturday, was discussed. The Camp has rented a Pullman car for this trip, which they will have decorated with emblems symbolic of the Old North State.

The Camp is having now made a handsome white silk banner, in the center of which will be the coat-of-arms of North Carolina. At the top of the banner will be the words, "Cape Fear Camp No. 254," and underneath, "First at Bethel; last at Appomatox."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Mr. A. E. Bell, of Charlotte, was here yesterday.

— Mr. E. McRae, of Maxton, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. C. Everett, of Laurinburg, was one of yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. J. Brown Wallace, of Sardis, was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. Chadwick, of Charlotte, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. F. J. Andrews, of Ivanhoe, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. W. Kerr, of Salisbury, and wife are visiting Mr. Arthur Prempert.

— Mr. T. McL. Northrop, of Laurinburg, was one of yesterday's arrivals.

— The STAR had the pleasure of a call yesterday from Mr. M. M. Moore, of Burgaw.

— Mr. B. R. Hunter, of King's Mountain, was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. F. P. Sidbury, of Ashton, was here yesterday conferring with wholesale merchants.

— Miss Carrie Platt, of Augusta, Ga., is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Albert Cressy.

— Mr. M. M. McEachern, of Marion, was among the excursionists from our sister State yesterday.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday were Messrs. James Smith, Hamlet; A. D. Whitley, Morven; Clarence Porter Jones and W. J. Leak, Rockingham.

— Among the South Carolina excursionists who stopped over in the city yesterday were Messrs. W. McG. Back, E. R. James and Harry James, all of Darlington.

— Mr. H. E. Bonitz returned from Raleigh yesterday. He took a decided and creditable stand against the policy pursued by the Board of Trustees of the A. & M. College.

— Mr. B. F. Keith, who returned yesterday from attending the Press Association, reports having had a most enjoyable time. He says that the hospitality of the Morehead City and Beaufort people is boundless.

— The many friends of Mrs. Clayton Giles and her daughter, Miss Lucille Murchison, will be glad to hear that a cablegram received by Mr. Giles announces their safe arrival at Naples, from which point they began their European tour.

— Mr. Eugene Beery, who was thrown from his bicycle and painfully hurt Wednesday night, is rapidly improving. The accident was by the breaking of a wheel. The STAR congratulates Mr. Beery on his lucky escape from more serious injury.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—1 cask spirits turpentine, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—4 bales cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls rosin, 15 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—1 bale cotton, 58 casks spirits turpentine, 33 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—24 casks spirits turpentine, 5 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—1 bale cotton, 45 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls rosin, 16 bbls tar, 49 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—33 casks spirits turpentine, 145 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Schr Willie B—5 casks spirits turpentine, 25 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 6 bales; spirits turpentine, 177 casks; rosin, 229 bbls; tar, 77 bbls; crude turpentine, 76 bbls.

Celebration of Bethel.

Fayetteville *Observer, 10th:* "To-day is the anniversary of the famous battle of Bethel, and a number of veterans are celebrating it at Lakewood, the guests of Messrs. W. L. Holt and J. R Williams. Among them are: Col. F. W. Kerchner, of Wilmington; Col. J. B. Starr, Col. J. A. Pemberton, Col. C. W. Broadfoot, Col. A. B. Williams, Col. W. J. Green, Maj. Chas. Haigh, Mr. S. W. Tillinghast, Sheriff J. B. Smith and Major E. Hale. There is, of course, one other veteran, Col. Abe Holliday."

The Moonlight Excursion.

Speaking of crowds, the largest yet took advantage of the moonlight excursion given last night by the Wilmington Brass Band. The steamer *Wilmington* left her dock at 8 o'clock and every deck was thronged with pleasure-seekers. Excellent music for dancing was rendered by the Wilmington Brass Band. The committee of arrangements were Messrs. Thos. J. Farrow, Louis Fryer and R. B. Burriss.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

A CARD.

By request the STAR publishes the following:

I desire to say to the public that I have been removed from the police force without cause. I have served to the best of my ability for thirty-one years, and I have yet to hear of any dissatisfaction with my services.

Respectfully, L. GORDON.

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY.

Closing Exercises of the 24th Annual Session—The Pupils Who Received Certificates of Distinction.

The Cape Fear Academy, which stands as a monument, marking the starting point of many of our young business men, closed its twenty-fourth annual session yesterday. The pupils of this school for the last ten days have been undergoing the usual annual examination, and have shown a most satisfactory improvement in their studies. A large number of them received certificates of distinction, which were only awarded after Prof. Washington Catlett, the principal, had examined each pupil thoroughly.

The closing took place yesterday morning at the academy, on Fourth street, near Princess. After a few instructive remarks by Prof. Catlett, the following pupils were awarded certificates of distinction, their names being given in the order in which they ranked, viz:

Senior Class—Reston Stevenson, Louis Goodman, George Honnett, George Davis, H. B. Short, Jr., A. B. Elliott, J. H. Taylor, Benjamin Bell, Jr., and L. D. Latta.

Junior Class—W. J. Hutaff, Albert Wessell, Hunter Wood, C. K. Davis, J. H. Carney, J. B. Lynch, W. A. Martin, Jr., T. C. Lewis, Jr., Northam Sweeney, W. McK. Bellamy, George Catlett and Adolph Ahrens.

Intermediate Class—T. D. Meares, Jr., Alex. McClure, I. Bear, Sam. Potts, Jr., and Clarence Myers.

Intermediate Class (Second Division) Willie Hoge, Robert Green, Albon Pleasants, R. L. Meares, Eugene LeGrand, H. Heyer, Fred. Dock, Fred. Banck, S. Nelmes and Sidney Rheinstein.

The following pupils deserve especial mention for good deportment and prompt attendance: W. J. Hutaff, Benjamin Bell, Jr., J. H. Taylor and P. Brewer did not receive a demerit during the entire session; Willie James, Sam Potts, Jr., H. B. Short, Jr., and A. B. Elliott received only one demerit during the session; Louis Goodman, C. K. Davis, Charles Myers, W. A. Martin, Jr., Sydney Rheinstein, Reston Stevenson and Albert Wessell were not late during the session; Louis Goodman was not absent a day during the session, and T. C. Lewis was only absent one day. These pupils deserve special mention for the observance of rules, and for promptness and regularity, which duties are the most essential factors in the life of a business man.

The past session of the Cape Fear Academy has been a most successful one, and among the pupils have been many from abroad. The pupils of the school have always taken a high stand whenever they have competed for honors, and many scholars are prepared yearly for entrance to the University and the colleges. Many of the leading young business men of this city have received their foundation or full education in this institution. Mr. W. T. Platt, who received the appointment of Representative Charles H. Martin to West Point, and whose percentage on the examination was 93.7-12, received his training at this school.

Prof. Catlett has been assisted the past season by Prof. W. S. Glenn, of Clinton, S. C.

The STAR understands that Prof. Catlett is now making extensive prepations for next session's work.

MACHINE BARRELS

As Defined By the Inspecting Committee of the Wilmington Produce Exchange.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange it was ordered that notice be given that the Rule of Trade as to what constitutes a machine barrel of spirits turpentine will be strictly adhered to, and that all barrels not fully up to standard will be rejected, or classed as country barrels.

For the benefit of the readers of the STAR who deal in spirits turpentine, the definition of a machine barrel, as formulated by the inspection committee of the Produce Exchange, Messrs. C. H. King and S. P. McNair, is submitted below:

A machine barrel is one whose staves and heads have been made, shaped, beveled and curved by machinery, and, in case of dispute, should conform to the following dimensions, or their proportions:

Length of stave should be 31½ to 33½ inches from croze to croze; heads should be 19½ to 20½ inches in diameter and perfectly sound; diameter at the bung inside should be 23½ to 24½ inches; head hoops should be not less 1¾ inches iron; bilge and quarter should be not less than 1½ inches iron. A machine barrel that has been repaired by hand with machine made material shall be considered a good delivery.

Armand Miller's Injuries.

Armand Miller, the colored man so severely beaten near "Easy Hill" on Sunday night, has been in an unconscious state since, with the chances rather against his recovery. He was removed to the City Hospital, to have an operation performed, yesterday afternoon. The operation was performed under the direction of Miller's physician, Dr. T. R. Mask. The skull was trepanned, and found broken from the right to the upper part of the left temple. Just over the left temple the bone had been crushed in. The patient is paralyzed on one side.

Truckers Meet This Afternoon.

The New Hanover County Fruit Growers' and Truckers' Association will hold a meeting at the Court House this afternoon. Among the business matters to come up is the election of delegates to the State Association, which meets here on Tuesday, June 22d.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LILLIPUTIAN WEDDING.

Entertainment by Little Folks in Aid of the First Baptist Church.

The "Lilliputian Wedding" given last night in the lecture room of the First Baptist Church proved both an artistic and financial success, and was heartily enjoyed by a large audience. The entertainment was participated in solely by little folks, all under eight years of age, and was one of the most unique and pretty exhibitions, of its kind, ever seen in Wilmington, and reflects credit upon the directress, Mrs. C. O. Byerly, assisted by Mrs. L. L. Pritchard.

The performance consisted of the bridal procession and the marriage. The marriage service was all rendered in rhyme; the vows spoken by bride and groom and the responses of the parents of the happy couple, who were aged only in dress, caused much amusement. After the marriage the bridal party adjourned to a bounteous repast.

The following is a roster of the little folks who participated, each of whom portrayed their respective roles well:

Minister—Master Walter McIntire.
Bride—Miss Lillie Keith.
Groom—Master Allie Alderman.
Best Man—Master Earl Webb.
Maid of Honor—Miss Cornie Fore.
Father—Master Leland Whitney.
Mother—Miss Bettie Jenkins.
Flower Girls—Misses Annie Walker, Ira Penny, Annie Mitchell and Estelle Kingsbury.
Leaders of Bride's Maids—Misses Mary White and Christine Stevenson
Bride's Maids—Misses Almeria Stevenson, Mary Wescott, Estelle McDaniel, Edith Brady, Bessie Whitney, Roberta Brady and Mamie Mitchell.
Groomsmen—Master Arthur Struthers, David Struthers, Clem Brown, Leon Jewel, Herndern Jewel, Barkley Loder, David Chadwick and George Mitchell.

Each of the male attendants wore a full dress suit of black, while the bride and bridesmaids were attired in the latest wedding gowns, and each carried a large bouquet of roses. The stage upon which the ceremony took place was tastefully decorated.

After the wedding those in attendance were served with refreshments.

Miss Bessie Burtt played the marriage music.

The performance, which, by the way, was given for the benefit of the Baptist church, will be repeated at a special matinee this afternoon at 5 30 o'clock.

DR. HOGE'S LECTURE

On the Bible and Its History—Delivered at the Y. M. C. A. to a Large Audience.

The fourth and last of the series of Bible lectures before the Young Men's Christian Association was delivered last night by Dr. P. H. Hoge, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. It was received with such general satisfaction and pleasure that the Y. M. C. A. managers ought to feel encouraged to arrange another series. Several of the audience remarked last night that they were pleased with the address not alone because of the charming style in which the thought was presented, but also by the rich stores of information which the careful and painstaking research of the speaker had enabled him to bring forward.

Taking the authorized version of 1611 as a starting point, Dr. Hoge traced it through other English translations to the Latin vulgate and the Hebrew and Greek originals. He said, "We owe our English Bible, under God, to the genius, piety and consecration of Wm. Tyndale."

Taking the Latin vulgate, the translation of Jerome in the fourth century as a new starting point, it was traced back to its sources in the early Latin versions and the manuscripts of the original writings. Step by step the existence and authority of our New Testament books were traced back to the contemporaries of the Apostle John.

The New Testament was then taken up in its growth, beginning with the First Epistle to the Thessalonians, showing the relative time and order of the different books, and the circumstances under which they were written.

The Old Testament as a whole was shown to have the seal of our Lord's approval; its growth in broad outline was discussed, the prophets and other writings grouped into periods, and the aims of the different classes of writings described. The Lord Jesus Christ stands in the center, with one hand on the Old Testament, bearing witness to it as the Word of God, with the other giving the gift of inspiration to the Apostles. When we have joined what books constituted the Old Testament as He had it, and what books came from the Apostles and those associated with them in the work and information, we have the Divine Word.

Prof. Carraway.

Mr. G. V. Burbridge, who has been in the city making arrangements for the coming of the celebrated hypnotist, Prof. Carraway, at the Opera House next week, received a telegram yesterday morning from his brother, who is personally managing the tour of Prof. Carraway, stating that it would be impossible for the professor to continue longer with his performance, as the physicians of Columbia, S. C., where the professor has been exhibiting the past week, advised immediate rest, as the mental and physical strain was too great for the professor. Consequently the engagement in this city, and other cities, had to be cancelled. Mr. Burbridge, however, made a date with Manager Schloss for next season.

— Decidedly the finest specimens of tomatoes we have seen this season were received at the STAR office yesterday. They were produced on the farm of Mr. C. H. Heide, near Wilmington, and are sold here by Messrs. W. J. Kirkham & Co., who receive fresh supplies every day. Mr. Heide has long enjoyed the reputation of being one of the most successful truck farmers of this section.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The Grand Lodge to Meet in Charlotte Next Tuesday.

In regard to the meeting of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, in Charlotte Tuesday, the *Observer* of yesterday says:

The Pythians of this city are giving willing service to the preparations for the meeting of the Grand Lodge here next Tuesday.

The Central Hotel will be the Pythian headquarters all arrangements for the entertainment of the Knights at this hostelry having been perfected.

The roster of the Grand Lodge officers is as follows:

Supreme Representatives—Thomas D Meares, No. 1, Wilmington; W. S. Cook, No. 5, Fayetteville.

Officers—Charles A. Webb, Past Grand Chancellor, Asheville; Washington Catlett, Grand Chancellor, Wilmington; R. H. Rickert, Grand Vice Chancellor, Statesville; P. R. Law, Grand Prelate, Lumberton; John Ward, Grand Master of Exchequer, Raleigh; C. D. Benbow, Grand Keeper of Records and Seal, Greensboro; D. A. McMillan, Grand Master of Arms, Fayetteville; R. L. Cooper, Grand Inner Guard, Murphy; W. C. Crist, Grand Outer Guard, Salem

Grand Tribunal—L. D. Robinson, No. 75, Chief Tribune, Wadesboro; C. R. Barker, No. 24, Associate Tribune, Salisbury; M. A. Allen, No. 49, Associate Tribune, Reidsville; Jno. D. Leak, No. 75, Recorder, Wadesboro.

Committees: Judiciary—W. T. Hollowell, No. 6, Goldsboro; J. T. Hall, No. 54, Hickory; C. W. Lambeth, No. 3, Raleigh.

Finance—T. S. Franklin, No. 37, Charlotte; S. Behrends, No. 4, Wilmington; L. P. McLeod, No. 83, Asheville.

State of the Order—J. W. Byers, No. 88, Charlotte; J. T. Moffitt, No. 45, Asheboro; J. S. Burch, No. 31, Durham.

Widows and Orphans—P. R. Law, No. 85, Lumberton; E A. Ebert, No. 41, Winston; W. F. Gilmer, No. 41, Mt. Airy.

Credentials—F. L Bunny, No. 27, Laurinburg; G. B. Seloy, No. 38, Maxton; C. K. Cooke, No. 73, Louisburg.

Foreign Correspondence—W. W. Wilson, No. 3, Raleigh.

The delegation from this city will leave for Charlotte Monday.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 5; Cleveland, 4.
Cincinnati, 3; New York, 1.
Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 3.
Philadelphia, 10; Chicago, 7.
Washington, 6; St. Louis, 3.
Boston, 8; Louisville, 4.
Boston, 12; Louisville, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Louisville at Baltimore.
St. Louis at New York.
Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	28	9	.756
Boston	27	12	.692
Cincinnati	25	13	.657
New York	19	16	.543
Brooklyn	21	18	.538
Philadelphia	22	20	.523
Cleveland	20	19	.513
Pittsburg	19	19	.500
Louisville	16	23	.410
Chicago	15	25	.375
Washington	12	25	.324
St. Louis	8	33	.190

Rusie pitched for the Giants yesterday, and but for errors by his support would have shut the Reds out. Cincinnati put up a magnificent game.

Nops pitched for the Orioles yesterday, and Cuppy for the Indians.

Boston found a soft thing in the Phillies. Clingman's work in behalf of Philadelphia, in both games, was phenomenal and saved his team from even worse defeat.

A Postoffice Thief.

Mr. J. C. Carroll, of Raleigh, son of United States Marshal Carroll, left yesterday for the Columbus, Ohio, penitentiary, in charge of Willie White alias Gilliam Hart, colored, convicted and sentenced at the last term of the United States Court in this city for robbing the postoffice at Cromartie. White alias Hart was arrested in this city the 4th of last month by Deputy Sheriff J. P. Flynn and Policeman Wm. Murray, and was subsequently tried in the U. S. Court, convicted and sentenced to two years imprisonment in the penitentiary at Albany, N. Y., and to pay a fine of $100, but his place of imprisonment was afterwards changed to the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio.

Magistrate's Court.

Justice Bunting disposed of two cases yesterday:

Sophia Lamb and Maggie Hanigan, both colored, charged with an affray, were adjudged guilty, but judgment was suspended upon payment of costs.

The same disposition was made of the case of Henry Waddell, colored, charged with assault and battery.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. Class meeting from 7.00 to 7.15 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9 30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7.30 in the primary room. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 p. m. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 00 p. m. Sabbath School at 4 00 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

The regular service of the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. A. D. McClure. Seamen and rivermen specially invited. All welcome.

—Rev. R. A. Willis will preach Sunday morning at Grace M. E. church and Rev. R. C. Beaman at night.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."
Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.
je 12 3m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

Wanted, Wanted,

TO SELL LARGE LOT OF WATER GROUND Virginia Meal. We are receiving these goods in large quantities daily.
R. R. STONE & CO., Wholesale Grocers, No. 7 South Water St.
je 6 D&W tf

Maher-Sharkey.

AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT THE MAIL is never late, and customers are always happy.
Place your order for next edition of "Police Gazette," containing full account of Maher-Sharkey fight.
je 6 tf

Bids Invited.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 11TH, 1897.—The School Committee of District No. 1, of Wilmington Township, New Hanover county, invite bids for the erection of a two story frame building on the site of the Hemenway School House on Fifth street, recently destroyed by fire. Working plans and specifications can be seen on and after Monday, the 14th inst., at the office of James F. Post, architect. Sealed bids must be handed to the undersigned not later than Friday, June 18th, at 12 o'clock M. Bond for twenty-five per cent. of cost of building will be required of contractor.
The committee reserve the right to reject any and all bids. JAMES F. POST, Jr., Chairman
je 12 3t School Committee District No. 1.

Big Reduction

— IN —

Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.
je 6 tf

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY'S
Directory of Wilmington, 1897.
Containing a general business and street directory.
Price $3.00.
For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.
J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY, Owners and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.
Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
13 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.
my 28 tf

It Touches the Spot

These Hot Days,
Strawberry Acid,
made from fresh ripe fruit, at the fountain of
JAMES D. NUTT,
je 5 tf The Druggist.

NOTICE.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED State for the Eastern District of North Carolina, in the Fourth Circuit at Wilmington,
Charles O'Donnell Lee et al.,
against
The Peregoy Jenkins Company and A. G. Ricaud, Receiver of the Peregoy Jenkins Company.
The undersigned, heretofore appointed Master by a decree in the above entitled cause, hereby notifies all holders of the mortgage bonds of the defendant company to produce the same before him at his office in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on or before the 28th day of June, 1897, and make due proof of same as required by said decree. E. K. BRYAN,
my 30 18t Master.

Lemons.

20 Boxes Fancy Lemons.
400 Bags Virginia Meal.
100 Bags City Meal.
300 Bags Corn.
150 Bales Hay.
114 Bags Oats.
20 Barrels Mott's Cider.
W. B. COOPER.
je 8 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NEW ARRIVALS

Lowest Prices.

Beautiful Percales, Children's Wash Suits, Ladies' Underwear, Plain and Figured Organdies, Pretty Dimities, Colored Percaline Linings for Organdie Dresses.

Latest Styles in Slippers.

All Colors in Sailor Hats.

Very fine quality all wool Canvas Cloth for Skirts worth 50, only 35c. Black and Navy. Scrivens' Pat. Seam Drawers 89c.

MEN'S BLACK
Clay Worsted Suits $5 50
Lots of other goods.

J. H. REHDER & CO.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and up. je 6 tf

STOVES AND RANGES,
OIL STOVES,
Gasolene Stoves.

In fact anything you want for the kitchen.

I am adding the above line to my complete stock of

HARDWARE, TINWARE
AND
Agricultural Implements

and will carry a line second to none in quality, at the very lowest prices.

Have secured the services of J. L. Breckenridge with special reference to this line, and can offer you the benefit of his several years experience.

My line includes the Richmond Stove Co.'s entire product.

Can furnish repairs for all kinds of Stoves.

J. W. Murchison,
Orton Building.
je 24 tf

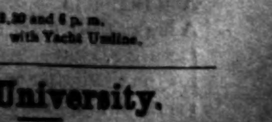
We call special attention to our pretty White Kid Opera Slippers, with Beaded Satin Bows for Ladies at $1, usually sold at $1 25. Many other kinds of Ladies, Misses, Children and Infants' Shoes on hand and arriving, as well as Gents' Low Shoes; that to be appreciated must all be seen. Remember we extend the invitation to everybody to look in our window, examine our stock and buy and wear our SHOES.
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. je 6 tf

Notice.

SECTION TWO OF THE LOCAL TAXATION Law as enacted by the last General Assembly of North Carolina: "On Tuesday after the second Monday in August, within the year 1897, the Board of County Commissioners of every County shall cause an election to be held in every School District (Township) in their respective Counties upon the question of levying a special District (Township) tax for the Public Schools of said District (Township) and notice of this election shall be given by the County Commissioners at their regular June meeting, and such notice shall be published in the County papers and posted on the School houses of said District" (Township).

In compliance with the foregoing, the Election is ordered for the County of New Hanover on the day named. F. W. FOSTER.
je 8 2t Chairman of the Board of Commissioners.

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT SCHEDULE.



Leave for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9:30 a. m. and *3 p. m.
Leave for Beach only at 6.00 a. m. and 5.15 p. m.
Leave Southport at 12.30 and *6.00 p. m.
Leave Beach at 7 00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m.
Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.
Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Beach at 12.30 and 6 p. m.
*Connects at Pier with Yacht Undine.
je 9 tf

The University.

47 TEACHERS, 413 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 130), total 543, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy. Graduate Courses open to Women. Summer School for Teachers. Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.
Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
je 9 tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1897

BUNCOING THE PEOPLE.

Mr. McKinley, as a Presidential candidate, was put before the country as "the advance agent of prosperity." The Republican supporters of Mr. McKinley declared that the cause of the business depression was the Democratic "free trade" tariff, and that just as soon as the country became satisfied that this tariff would be repealed and a good Republican tariff enacted, hope would take the place of despondency and prosperity would come apace. This was the song they sang throughout the campaign. Delegation after delegation of working men were sent to Canton, where Candidate McKinley shook hands with them, talked to them from his front porch and sent them home filled with the belief that all that was necessary to bring us prosperity in solid blocks was to elect him, and they voted accordingly.

The gold Democrats, or, as they called themselves, the "sound money" Democrats, who didn't like to subscribe to the tariff theory as the cause of the hard times, but wanted to vote for McKinley to beat Bryan and free silver, declared that it was the free silver agitation that was doing the mischief and that when McKinley was elected and "sound money" endorsed by the ballots of the people confidence would be restored and prosperity would come right along. The tariff boomers were playing the confidence game in one way and the gold Democrats were playing it in another.

Immediately after the election there was a spurt by some of the manufactories which went to work to fill "held up" orders, money began to go into the banks and gold into the treasury, there was a foreign demand for American wheat, the prices went up, the exports were large and the exulting announcement was made that the promised and predicted prosperity had come and come to stay. It was reported that the railroads, contemplating an immense increase in their carrying traffic, had given orders for hundreds of new freight cars, for thousands on thousands of tons of new rails to put down new tracks and repair the old, and this was pointed to as one of the surest signs that prosperity had come to stay.

But it seems it only made a pop call, for things not only soon settled down to the old ante-election status, but got worse. The factories that started up and rushed things soon slacked up or extinguished their fires, the people quit dumping money into the banks and carting gold to the Treasury, the railroads quit building new cars and laying new tracks, the organs quit rejoicing over the arrival of prosperity, and the Republican statesmen who encouraged the people to believe that it was coming right along paternally chided them for expecting too much, and for not giving the prosperity propellers time to get down to work and do it up right. Now they are playing the confidence game again, and Secretary Gage is assuring the public through speeches and interviews that when they get the tariff off their hands they will fix up the currency question and prosperity will no longer loiter on the way, but will come with a hop, skip and jump and take up quarters for good. They are as fruitful of promises now as they were before the election, but a little more guarded in their promises, and not quite so bold in their predictions as to time. When they go into the prophesying business now they do it with qualifying conditions that will give them time to let the country pull itself together in the event that anything happen at home or abroad to facilitate or expedite the pulling process.

That's all very well as far as it goes, for it is a good idea to keep up the hope and courage of the people, for if they are impressed with the belief that they are prosperous or nearing prosperity it is the next thing to being prosperous, and it is possible that the feeling may be somewhat instrumental in bringing prosperity sooner, provided the other conditions put in an appearance.

But, seriously, what is there in the conditions, present or prospective, to justify sanguine anticipations? There can be no return of prosperity until the conditions improve at home and abroad, and it is impossible to improve these conditions by such quack remedies as protective tariffs. These may be stimulants when the other conditions are favorable, but you might as well undertake to strenghen a weak man by slapping a big mustard plaster on him as to bring prosperity to a country by a high tariff when there was no demand or market for the things manufactured. And that is just what they are doing. A high tariff may stimulate manufacturing, but there is no demand for the things manufactured and the result will speedily be overproduction, a collapse and depression as great as there is now, if not greater.

Our farmers and meat raisers are dependent on foreign markets to dispose of their surplus, and the high tariff will be a stumbling block in the way of this. It will handicap our trade with foreign countries, prevent them from selling freely to us and prevent us from buying from them. That's not the way to help our trade, to help our farmers, or our working men, and until they are helped so that they can buy what the manufacturer makes it cannot help the manufacturer. This tariff tinkering as the way to prosperity is the merest quackery and the worst kind of quackery.

MINOR MENTION

It is amusing to read some of the Republican journals in the North when discussing the negro, his status and aspirations in the North as compared with their utterances when discussing the negro, his status and aspirations in the South. When the negro in the South wants anything they seem to think he has a sort of pre-emption right to it, and regard it as a species of race persecution when the white people of the South refuse to concede the correctness of this view and dispute the claim. Negroes are good enough to go to Congress from the South, to go into State Legislatures, into city councils, to be postmasters, in fact, to hold any position, but when it comes to applying the test on the other side of the line where the negroes are few in number compared with the South, and where the opportunities for improving personal qualifications are better, a different tune is played. Some time ago a negro in Chicago was named by Congressman Waite for a cadetship at Annapolis Naval Academy. The negro failed in his examination and was consequently turned down. Like knocked-out Corbett he wants another chance, commenting upon which the esteemed Philadelphia *North American*, all-wool-and-a-yard-wide Republican, offers the following paternal advice:

"It is to be hoped that Congressman White, of Chicago, will be prevailed upon not to carry out his announced intention of renominating to the Annapolis Naval Academy John W. Smith, the young Chicago colored man who, nominated to a cadetship last month, failed to pass the examination necessary for his admission. Young Smith is of the opinion that this examination was made unnecessarily hard because of his color; but he has re-entered the Chicago High School, and will try to perfect himself in the studies in which he proved deficient on Mr. White's promise to renominate him. It will be far better all around if his plan is abandoned. It is hardly necessary to point out to young Smith the indelicacy of forcing himself where he is not wanted, and Mr. White ought to see the inadvisability in aiding in such an attempt. The young man has had a fair trial, and, having failed, he should be satisfied. There are many other opportunities for him in a different field which hold out greater advantages than he would have in the navy, where his progress would necessarily be very slow. Better to let well enough alone in this case, and it is to be hoped that the matter will so present itself to the minds of both Smith and the Congressman before next September rolls around."

Not to thrust himself where he is not wanted may be be very good advice to the young colored man living in Chicago and seeking to get into Uncle Sam's navy, but if that young man lived in Wilmington or Charleston, or some other Southern city, wouldn't his desire to try again be commended and encouraged by the Republican papers which now think he is pursuing an indiscreet course?

* * *

When Senator Cannon, of Utah, offered his amendment to the tariff bill providing for an export bounty on agricultural products he hadn't the slightest idea that it would be adopted, and neither did any of the ten Senators who voted for it. They were playing politics, in which, however, they were simply doing as the majority of statesmen do in dealing with the tariff question. The majority of the Senators who voted against the amendment were not influenced so much by opposition to bounties, or by any principle involved in it, as by the size of the pile it would require to cash the bounties, estimated at $47,000,000, a rough estimate, for with this tempting bounty there is little doubt that exports would be largely increased. It was simply a proposition to pay an unknown quantity of money, the quantity being governed not by any act of the Government, but solely by the energy and industry of the producer and shipper, governed somewhat by the demands of foreign markets. Practically it meant that a great part of the revenue received from imports should be paid out on exports, a kind of a see-saw process, which could never be regulated with anything like certainty. It was a wild-looking proposition, and yet if there be anything in the doctrine of protection, it was consistent and logical. The raiser of wheat or corn, or oats, or cotton, is as much entitled to an export bounty as the grower of wool, the skinner of hides, or the manufacturer of any article is entitled to an import bounty, for that is what a protective tariff is. Such propositions, however wild or absurd they may seem, show with striking force the enormity of this whole protective system, which is, when reduced to its essence, nothing more nor less than a legalized system of grabbing and plunder.

Lots of the fellows who worked hard for Hanna and McKinley are now out of a job.

When you are weak, tired and lifeless you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: Marshal O. J. Carroll returned from Washington, D. C., last night, and we are pleased to note that the trumped-up charges against him have been promptly dismissed by the Government. The charges amounted to nothing and were preferred without Mr. Dockery's consent.

— Newbern *Journal*: Some sturgeon fishermen captured bigger game than usual yesterday. N. W. Byan and three of his men, all colored, were coming up the Neuse river and as they got opposite Slocum's creek they spied a bear swimming across the creek. They sailed the boat close to the bear and one of the men dispatched him with an ax. The animal was a young black bear, five feet in length and was brought to Newbern and sold.

— Dunn *Union*: We learn that the dwelling and all the household goods of Mr. Robert Carpenter, a farmer of Buckhorn township, this county, was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary. —— Mad dogs are creating some excitement in the county west of here on this side of the river. In Black River township a mad dog bit five dogs, all of which went mad, and in Averasboro and Grove there are some mad dogs and sheep supposed to have been bitten by a mad dog.

— Monroe *Journal*: Mr. L. D. H. Williams, a well known citizen of New Salem township, died Tuesday morning, aged about 62 years. He had been sick only since the Saturday before with pneumonia. —— Some time ago during one of the thunder storms that have been so prevalent of late lightning struck in the vicinity of Mr. Geo. D. Wolfe's, west of Monroe, and behaved in quite an unusual manner. It struck at the head of a small branch and followed the course of the branch for quite a distance, throwing the water and the rocks out of the bed to either side.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Archie Wright and Mose Womack are victims of a new "gold cure." A negro quack doctor calling himself Dr. W. M. Cogwell, has been working among the colored people for some time. One of his remedies was to procure from his patients a five dollar gold piece in order that he might make it up into pills that would cure instantly. In this way he got several pieces of gold from Wright and Womack. Their eyes have been opened, but the "doctor" has skipped.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: A gentleman from Vance township was in our office a few days ago and related the following remarkable bit of news: A little grandchild of Mr. Hugh Helms, who lives in Mecklenburg county, not far from the Union county line, pulled up an onion a few days ago and bit off the head and a small portion of the stem. The child's grandmother discovering blood in its mouth made examination, and to her horror found that the child had bitten of a snake's head and was chewing it with the onion. The stem of the onion was very large and hollow and had been broken off some distance from the top and the snake had crawled into the hollow of the stem.

— Chatham *Record*: We are pleased to announce that a company will, at an early day, be incorporated with abundant capital for the purpose of developing and working the valuable coal deposits on the "Taylor" place in this county. This property consists of about 1,575 acres of land on Deep river, between Cumnock and Gulf, and contains coal deposits that are of superior quality and supposed to be of inexhaustible quantity. It had been owned for many years by Mr. D. F. Caldwell, of Greensboro, who in 1895 contracted to sell it to the Langdon-Henzey Coal Mining Company. That company intended to operate it in connection with its mine at Cumnock (just across Deep river), but on account of the terrible explosion shortly thereafter in the Cumnock mine and the company's financial embarrassment the purchase money was not paid, and Mr. Caldwell proceeded to sell the "Taylor" place to other parties.

—— Senator Hoar in making some awkward attempts to laugh the tanners and shoemakers of Massachusetts into acquiescence in the prospective duty on hides. As in 1890 and in 1892, the laugh of the Massachusetts Republicans would be on the wrong side of the month should they give their votes for the brutal tax on the raw material of leading Massachusetts industries.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists.

June 13 1y [illegible] [illegible]

TWINKLINGS.

—A sergeant in a volunteer corps, being doubtful whether he had distributed the rifles to all the men, called out: "All you that are without arms hold up your hands!"—*Judy.*

— "Why do so few women seek admission to the bar, Judge?"

"Because they would rather lay down the law than practice it."—*Detroit Free Press.*

—In New England: Visitor—"You don't really eat pie at breakfast, do you?"

Native—"Oh, yes! If you eat pie in the morning it won't give you the nightmare"—*Puck.*

—John—Is your country healthful, George?

George—Healthful? Well, I should say so. Everybody is healthy down our way—even the invalids are healthy.—*Fun.*

— Mrs. Bumpas—"Do you believe the proverb, Jack, that says when a dog howls outside a house there will be a death?"

Mr. Bumpas—"Yes. The dog is likely to die suddenly."—*Pittsburg News.*

— "I am told your wife would rather cook that eat."

The other man glanced nervously over his shoulder. They were alone. "What she cooks, yes," he replied in a hoarse whisper.—*Truth.*

— She Was a Talker—"That's a speaking likeness of your first wife."

"I suppose the artist couldn't help it —and I had him paint it in the most quiet colors, too"—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Ruling Passion—Sprocket—"We've got a baby at our house."

Handel Bars—"You don't say so! '96 or '97?"—*Boston Transcript.*

— He—"Where have you been?"

She—"Down town, looking over some bonnets."

"Looking over some bonnets, did you say?"

"That's what I said"

"Then they were not theatre bonnets."—*Yonkers Statesman*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The esteemed St. Louis Globe Democrat can be depended upon to distance all its Republican contemporaries in discovering returning prosperity. A relative of its publisher has been plumped into a snug consulate.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Republican disregard of the of the civil service law is at last asserting itself, and a horde of republican printers is ready to swoop down on the public printing office as soon as the President issues his order removing that department from the operations of the civil service law. But room must be made for the boys! It is a question which branch of the service will come next.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— No people are better fitted for self-government and the enjoyment of as much personal liberty as is consistent with the general good than the Germans; yet they continue to suffer from the tyrannic methods of the tax gatherer's degenerate descendant, who has not sense enough to understand that the Twentieth Century, so near at hand, is not the Fifteenth. What a descent from the Iron Chancellor to this royal simpleton!—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver Troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 13, Trinity Sunday, M P, S Paul's, Edenton.

June 13, Trinity Sunday, E P, S John's, Edenton.

June 17, Thursday, M P, Holy Innocents, Avoca.

June 20, Sunday 1st after Trinity, M P, S Luke's, Washington county.

June 20, Sunday 1st after Trinity, E P, Advent, Roper.

June 23, Wednesday, M P, S Andrews, Columbia.

June 27, second Sunday after Trinity, M P, S David's, Scuppernong.

June 29, Tuesday, S Peter's day, M P, S James', Haslin.

June 30, Wednesday, M P, S Augustine's, Pantego.

July 1st, Thursday, M P, Yeatesville.

July 1st, Thursday, E P, S Thomas', Bath.

July 2, Friday, Communion, Bath.

July 4, third Sunday after Trinity, M P, S John's, Durham's Creek.

July 6, Tuesday, E P, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

July 7, Wednesday, Communion, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

July 8, Thursday, M P, S John's, Maxelyville.

July 9, Friday, E P, Sladesville.

July 11, fourth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S George's, Hyde county.

July 12 Monday, E P, Fairfield.

July 13 Tuesday, E P, Swan Quarter.

July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S Paul's, Beaufort.

July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, E P, S Clement's, Beaufort.

Com.—Communion.

E P—Evening prayer.

M P—Morning prayer.

Holy communion at all morning services.

The children catechized when practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

Haste in Courtship.

Among the many faults of the nineteenth century is often reckoned haste. The world, one says, is full of hurry and bustle. Time is outrageously dear, yet in the business of courting men are marvels in patience and leisureliness when compared to what they were in the middle ages. They liked then to commence a courtship by what is regarded now as the next to the last word in it, "Will you marry me?" and they had little use for preliminaries. If the gentlewoman was wise and virtuous, she, of course, knew immediately what to say, for she previously had been informed of her suitor's fortune, as he of her dowry, and a few minutes only were necessary for the young people to see whether they were mutually agreeable or not.—Emily Stone in Lippincott's.

Sarcasm.

Greene — Whom are your children said to take after, Mr. Enpeck?

Enpeck (with a mental reservation) —The younger, with a sweet smile and angelic temper, takes after his mother. The elder, that cross eyed young viper, takes after me, I'm informed.—London Fun.

PRETTY LONESOME WORK.

That of the Lighthouse Keepers Along the Florida Keys.

More ships' bones lie upon the outer reef girdling the keys of south Florida than perhaps upon any other shoals, excepting Hatteras, in this country. Captain Thomas S. Eells, agent of the Lloyds in this city, has a record of shipwrecks on the coast of Florida for many years, and the aggregate of losses foots up surprisingly high in the millions of dollars.

The strait of Florida has long been an ocean highway for steamers and sailing ships bound from foreign and domestic ports to New Orleans, Central and South America. In fact, the outlet of the great gulf of Mexico, surrounded by rich and fertile countries, has been this narrow strait between the keys and Cuba, through which the gulf stream passes. Consequently it is not surprising that in this narrow strait the caldron where the West Indian hurricanes generate, with its concealed reefs of cruel coral, thousands of vessels have ended their careers, and more than thousands of men have lost their lives. Few sailors pass through the strait now without being reminded of the brave men and the brave ships whose skeletons whiten the sands beneath the surface of the limpid green waters, and some of them, as they watch the storm scud fly across the moon and listen to the moan of the reef buoy mingling with the creaking of the spars of the ship, perhaps have good ground to believe that this place is haunted by demons of the deep and the souls of dead comrades.

It is no wonder that the inhabitants of the keys, the "Conchs," have grown rich in wrecking. In these latter days, however, there are fewer wrecks in the strait than there were some years ago, for Uncle Sam has marked the contour of the dangerous hidden reef with a fine system of lighthouses, each with a light of separate and distinct character, so that the mariner may know how to shape his course in the blackest and stormiest of nights.

The job of lighthouse keeper is about the loneliest way of making a living in the catalogue of occupations. The mental strain has proved so great in several instances that the keeper grew melancholy to such a degree that he ended it by blowing out his brains. The system is now so arranged that the sudden darkening of an important reef lamp by a suicide's bullet is not probable, for two keepers are stationed in each light for company's sake as well as to guard against sickness.

These two keepers of the key lights for two months on a stretch seldom see any faces except their own and converse with nobody except each other. The lighthouses are on an average 20 miles from land, and ships pass from 10 to 20 miles away. The lighthouses are built of four great iron pillars, founded deep in the coral and towering toward each other. Platforms of steel bind the pillars together, sleeping and storage rooms are constructed, and the lamp crowns all. The place is not perilous, but in a storm must be what the colored folks call "lonesome" to an uncanny degree.

After two months of service the keeper has a month ashore to spend with his family or how he pleases. The families of the reef light keepers are not allowed in the houses. They are looked upon as a distraction that might cause the keeper to neglect his duty. Most of the keepers have developed into omnivorous readers. Some of them, however, have pursued a settled purpose, and one we have in mind prepared himself for admittance to the bar and has since become one of Key West's most eminent lawyers. He has a dramatic manner of expression and learned it, so 'tis said, by "noratin" to the winds and the waves and his single companion.—Florida Times-Union.

The True Background of Life.

The American is often haunted in the midst of all his surface activity with a vague sense that, after all, his life may be deficient in depth and dignity. It is not so often, however, that he succeeds in tracing this defect in his life to its lack of background and perspective, to the absence in himself of a right feeling for the past—that feeling which, as has been truly said, distinguishes more than any other the civilized man from the barbarian. This feeling is to be gained, in the case of the classics, not so much by treating them as isolated phenomena as by making clear the manifold ways in which they are related to the present, by leaving no chasm between ancient and modern life over which the mind is unable to pass.—Irving Babbitt in Atlantic.

Revivified Habit.

The convict under sentence of solitary confinement had utterly collapsed. "For heaven's sake," he begged, "I must have rest! My conscience will not let me sleep—unless—unless, I can listen to the chaplain's sermon!"

Remembering that he had been a pillar of the church, they were disposed to grant his request.

Habit, it must be remembered, is ofttimes more powerful even than drugs.—New York Press.

Swiss experts have come to the conclusion that more harm is done than prevented by roping climbers on glaciers. Tourists saved from a crevasse are often fatally injured by the rope cutting into the body. It is now proposed to obviate this by means of specially constructed broad belts.

The first British telegraph patent was granted in the year that Queen Victoria was crowned, 1837.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed it never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

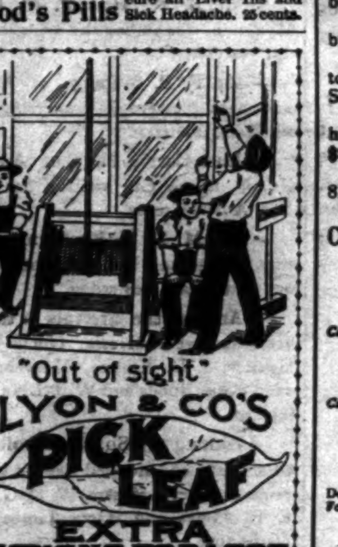
Sour Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour **Stomach** with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.



"Out of sight"

LYON & CO'S **PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO**

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

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Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute		@ 6
Standard		@ 6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ♥ lb	12	@ 14
Sides ♥ lb	6	@ 7
Shoulders ♥ lb	6	@ 6¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ♥ lb		@ 7¼
Shoulders ♥ lb	4¾	@ 5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00	@ 1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@ 1 40
New City, each	1 30	@ 1 40
BEESWAX ♥ lb	22	@ 23
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ♥ M	5 00	@ 7 00
Northern	9 00	@ 14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ♥ lb	10	@ 15
Northern	18	@ 25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	45	@ 47½
Virginia Meal	45	@ 47½
COTTON TIES—♥ bundle		@ 85
CANDLES—♥ lb—		
Sperm	18	@ 25
Adamantine	8	@ 10
CHEESE—♥ lb—		
Northern Factory	11	@ 12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@ 13
State		@ 10
COFFEE—♥ lb—		
Laguyra	20	@
Rio	8½	@ 15
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ♥ yard		@ 5¼
Yarns, ♥ bunch	18	@ 20
EGGS—♥ dozen		@ 15
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ♥ barrel	22 00	@ 30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ♥ half-barrel	11 00	@ 15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ♥ barrel	16 00	@ 18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ♥ half-barrel	8 00	@ 9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ♥ barrel	13 00	@ 14 00
Mullets, ♥ barrel	3 00	@ 3 50
Mullets, ♥ pork barrel	5 75	@ 6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ♥ keg	3 00	@ 3 25
Dry Cod, ♥ lb	5	@ 10
" Extra	3 25	@ 3 50
FLOUR—♥ barrel—		
Low grade	3 50	@ 4 00
Choice		@ 4 50
Straight	4 50	@ 4 75
First Patent	5 25	@ 5 50
GLUE—♥ lb—	7½	@ 8¼
GRAIN—♥ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White		@ 45
Car load, in bags—White		@ 41
Oats, from store	30	@ 32½
Oats, Rust Proof	45	@ 45
Cow Peas		@ 1 00
HIDES, ♥ lb—		
Green		@ 5
Dry		@ 8
HAY, ♥ 100 lbs—		
Clover Hay	60	@ 85
Rice Straw		@ 50
Eastern		@ 1 00
Western	90	@ 95
North River		@ 85
HOOP IRON, ♥ lb		@ 3
LARD, ♥ lb—		
Northern	5	@ 5¼
North Carolina	6	@ 10
LIME, ♥ barrel	1 15	@ 1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ♥ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@ 20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@ 23 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@ 15 00
MOLASSES, ♥ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hhds		@ 26
" in bbls		@ 28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@ 26
" in bbls		@ 28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@ 14
" in bbls	14	@ 15
Syrup, in bbls	15	@ 25
NAILS, ♥ keg, Cut. 60d basis	1 50	@ 1 60
PORK, ♥ barrel—		
City Mess		@ 9 50
Rump		@ 9 00
Prime		@ 9 00
ROPE, ♥ lb	10	@ 22
SALT, ♥ sack Alum		@ 1 00
Liverpool		@ 75
Lisbon		@ 70
American		@ 60
On 125 lb Sacks	40	@ 60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ♥ M	5 00	@ 6 50
Common	1 50	@ 2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@ 3 50
SUGAR, ♥ lb—Standard Granu'd		@ 4 13-16
Standard A		@ 4 11-16
White Ex. C		@ 4 11-16
Extra C, Golden		@ 4½
C. Yellow		@ 4¼
SOAP, ♥ lb—Northern	3¼	@ 4
STAVES, ♥ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@ 14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@ 10 00
TIMBER, ♥ M feet—Shipping		@ 9 00
Mill, Prime		@ 7 00
Mill, Fair	5 00	@ 6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@ 5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@ 4 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ♥ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@ 8 50
Sap	5 00	@ 6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@ 5 00
Sap	4 00	@ 4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@ 6 50
Sap		@ 5 50
TALLOW, ♥ lb		@ 4
WHISKEY, ♥ gallon—Northern	1 00	@ 2 10
North Carolina	1 00	@ 2 10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet and steady at 23¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady; $1 30 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 23, 23¼c; rosin firm, $1 32½, 1 37½; tar, firm, $11.0 bid; crude turpentine quiet, $1 30, 1 70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	177
Rosin	239
Tar	77
Crude Turpentine	76

Receipts same day last year—230 casks spirits turpentine, 918 bbls rosin, 60 bbls tar, 76 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ♥ lb
Good Ordinary	6¼	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7¼	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—6 bales; same day last year 84.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2 25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5 50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended June 11, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
15	1,473	3,864	672	425

RECEIPTS.

For week ended June 12, 1896

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
91	1,811	8,224	1,061	641

EXPORTS.

For week ended June 11, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic..	236	586	220	925	418
Foreign ...	000	4	000	15	000
	236	590	220	940	418

EXPORTS.

For week ended June 12, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic..	731	1,158	366	1,001	148
Foreign ...	000	000	5,812	000	200
	731	1,158	6,178	1,001	348

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, June 11, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	3,402	60	3,46[illegible]
Spirits	818	1,236	[illegible],054
Rosin	25,758	4,515	30,273
Tar	4,062	000	4,[illegible]62
Crude	345	000	345

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, June 12, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
5,486	1,454	23,093	7,255	558

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 11—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1@1¼ per cent., last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1@1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firmer, actual business in bankers' bills at 487 for demand and 485¾@486 for sixty days. Posted rates 486½@487 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 485. Silver certificates were 60@60⅜c. Government bonds were strong; fives, registered, 113⅝; fives, coupon, 113⅝; fours registered, 110¾; fours, coupon, 112¾; twos, registered, 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 127; North Carolina fours 105. Railroad bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 11—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 70@1 75. Spirits turpentine steady at 27½@28c.

CHARLESTON, June 11.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 25c; no sales. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: B, C, D $1 25; E F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 85, W G $2 00, W W $2 25.

SAVANNAH, June 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¾, with sales 2,678 casks; receipts 2,440 casks. Rosin firm; sales 425 barrels; receipts 8,314 barrels; closing quotations: A, B, C, D $1 35, E $1 40, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 60, I $1 70, K $1 80, M $1 90, N $2 00, W G $2 10, W W $2 50.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The cotton market opened quiet and easy, with prices unchanged to 4 points lower and further declined 2 to 4 points. Following the first call business was fairly active for a time, and there was some indication of new outside speculative interest. There were occasional rallies produced by covering. Certain shorts who were able to secure handsome profits were led to cover by conflicting crop accounts, which had a somewhat bullish average. The early cables were disappointing as to the public accounts from Liverpool, while private cables stated that the English cotton trade placed a bearish construction upon yesterday's bureau report. A number of accounts were liquidated or partially liquidated to-day, the shorts being the buyers. The close was quiet at a net loss of 1 to 5 points.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1896: Galveston, 1,342,085; New Orleans, 2,061,193; Mobile, 308 070; Savannah, 838,024; Charleston, 398,973; Wilmington, 234,398; Norfolk, 708,001; Baltimore, 58,848; New York, 108,345; Boston, 157,553; Newport News, 9,707; Philadelphia, 43,666; West Point, Va., 50; Brunswick, 125,161; Texas City, 51,-187; Pensacola, 67,899; Port Royal, 73,629. Total, 6,576,569 bales.

NEW YORK, June 11—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 7 11-16c.

Cotton futures market closed quiet; sales 83,000 bales; January 6 78, February 6 82, March 6 86, May —, June 7 16, July 6 16, August 7 15, September 6 90, October 6 74, November 6 72, December 6 74.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 7 11-16c; middling gulf 7 15 16c; sales of 1,595 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 1,998 bales; exports to Great Britain 547 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 929 bales; forwarded 537 bales; sales 1,519 bales; sales to spinners 653 bales; stock (actual) 135,-558 bales.

Weekly net receipts 198 bales; gross 46,545 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,666 bales; to France 805 bales; to the Continent 6,145 bales; forwarded 5,196 bales; sales 9,480 bales; sales to spinners 4,908 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 7,364 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,891 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 4,264 bales; stock 365,638 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 12,289 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,817 bales; to France 805 bales; to the Continent 22,566 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6 576 569 bales; exports to Great Britain 2 968,448 bales; exports to France 685 786 bales; exports to the Continent 2,068,100 bales; to the Channel 5 481 bales.

June 11.—Galveston, steady at 7 5 16, net receipts 341 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7 9 16, net receipts 115 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7⅝, net receipts 330 bales; Boston, steady at 7 11-16, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 7¼, net receipts 6 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 7 15-16, net receipts 85 bales; Savannah, dull at 7¼, net receipts 4 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 7 7-16, net receipts 321 bales; Mobile, nominal at 7¼, net receipts 4 bales; Memphis, firm at 7 3 16, net receipts 55 bales; Augusta, steady at 7¾, net receipts 37 bales; Charleston, steady at 7¼, net receipts 5 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 11—Evening—Flour quiet and lower to sell; winter patents $4 50@4 80; Minnesota patents $4 00@4 15. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 1 Northern New York 77c afloat; No 1 Northern Duluth 78c afloat; options opened firm on the Government report but met active long accounts selling, prompted by bearish crop and weather news, weakness at Liverpool and free Southwestern selling, declined all day and closed ⅜@⅝c net lower; No. 2 red June closed at 75¾; July 73⅜@75⅝c, closed at 74c; September 69⅜@71c, closed at 69⅜c. Corn—spot weak; No. 2 29⅝ at elevator and 29¾c afloat; options opened and were weak all day under better crop and weather news and liquidation, closing ⅛@⅛c net lower; June closed at 29⅛; July 29⅝@29⅝c, closed at 29⅜c; September 30⅝@31¼c, closed at 30⅜c. Oats—spot quiet; No 2 23c; options were inactive and weak with corn, closing ⅛c lower; July closed at 23c. Pork dull. Lard was steady; Western steam $3 80, nominal; September $3 80, nominal; refined steady; Continent $4 10, South American $4 50, compound—not quoted. Butter was quiet; Western creamery 11@15c; do. factory 7½@10½c; Elgins 15c; imitation creamery 9½@12½c; State dairy 10@14½c; do. creamery 11@15. Cheese quiet; State large 8¼c small fancy 7⅞@8 Western, part skims 4@6¼; full skims 2¼@3c. Eggs were quiet; State and Pennsylvania 11½@12, Western fresh 10½@11c; Southern $2 40@2 70 per 30 dozen cases. Petroleum dull. Molasses steady. Cabbages per barrel or crate $1 00@1 50. Tomatoes per carrier $1 00@1 25. Potatoes quiet; New York $1 25@1 50. Southern new $3 50@4 00. Tallow steady; city ($2 per package) 3 1 16@3¼c; country (packages free) 3 3-16@3¼c, as to quality. Cotton seed oil quiet. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; Cordova 11½@17½c; sales of about 1,000 bags Rio No. 7 spot at 7¾c. Sugar—raw strong; centrifugal 96 test 3¼c; refined strong.

CHICAGO, June 11.—A momentary show of strength at the opening of the wheat market to-day, caused by the Government crop report, was followed by a gradual but most decided decline that continued with but slight interruption to the close. An early rise of 1c per bushel was converted in the end to ⅝c decline. Corn and oats shared in the weak feeling displayed by wheat, declining ⅝ and ⅜c respectively. Provisions alone either maintained their value or improved it, pork remaining unchanged. While ribs advanced 2½@5; and lard 10c.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 69⅜@70½c; No. 3 spring 65@70c; No. 2 red 73@76. Corn—No. 2, 24⅛@24⅝. Oats—No. 2 18c; No. 2 white free on board 22¼@23¼c; No. 3 white free on board 20½@20½c. Mess pork per barrel $7 45@7 50. Lard, per 100 lbs $3 52½@3 55. Short rib sides, loose. $4 15@4 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 00@5 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 50@4 62½. Whiskey $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—July 69⅜@70, 70,68@68⅛, 68⅛; September 65@65⅛, 65⅛, 63⅞@63⅞, 63⅞c; December (new) 66⅞@67⅛ 67⅛, 65⅛, 65⅛@65⅛c. Corn—June 24⅜@24⅜, 24⅜, 24⅛, 24⅛c. July 24⅝@25 25, 24⅜, 24⅜c. September 26⅛@26⅛, 26⅛, 25⅝, 25⅞@25⅞c. Oats—No. 2 July 18⅜, 18⅜, 18, 18c; September 18⅛, 18⅛, 17⅞, 17⅞c. Mess pork—July $7 45, 7 47½, 7 40, 7 47½; September $7 55 7 57½, 7 50, 7 55. Lard—July $3 52½, 3 60, 3 52½ 3 60; September $3 60, 3 70, 3 60, 3 70. Short ribs—July $4 25, 4 27½, 4 25, 4 27½; September $4 33½, 4 35, 4 30, 4 35.

BALTIMORE, June 11.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat unsettled and easy, spot and month 77¼@77⅜c; July 70⅜@71c; August 68⅝@68⅞c; September 68⅜@69c; Southern wheat by sample 75@80. Corn weak; spot 28⅜@28⅜c; month 28⅜@28⅜c; July 28⅝@28⅝c; August 29@29⅛c; September 29⅛c bid; steamer mixed 26⅜@27c; Southern white 32@33c; do yellow 31½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 27@27½c. No. 2 mixed 24@24½c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, June 11.—4 P. M.—Cotton—spot, very quiet business and prices in favor of buyers. American middling 4 5-32d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and including 4,800 American. Receipts 1,000 bales of which none were American. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand, and closed easy at the decline. American middling (l m c): June 4 3 64d buyer; June and July 4 2-64d buyer; July and August 4 1-64d seller; August and September 3 63 64d buyer; September and October 3 55 64d seller; October and November 3 49 64d@3 50 64d seller; November and December 3 46 64d@3 47-64d seller; December and January 3 45 64d buyer; January and February 3 45-64d buyer; February and March 3 45-64d@3 46 64d buyer; March and April 3 46 64d@3 47-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr James W Bigelow, 486 tons, Bird, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr Mary J Russell, 354 tons, Smith, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 12, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

James W Bigelow, 486 tons, Bird, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Mary J Russell, 354 tons, Smith, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Eva A Danenhower, 317 tons, Johnson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Senator Sullivan, 654 tons, Crockett, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 230 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Colin Archer (Nor), 657 tons, Nielsen, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Lilly (Swed), 506 tons, Kastman, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Croatan 887 tons, Chichester, H G Smallbones.

Attention Representatives

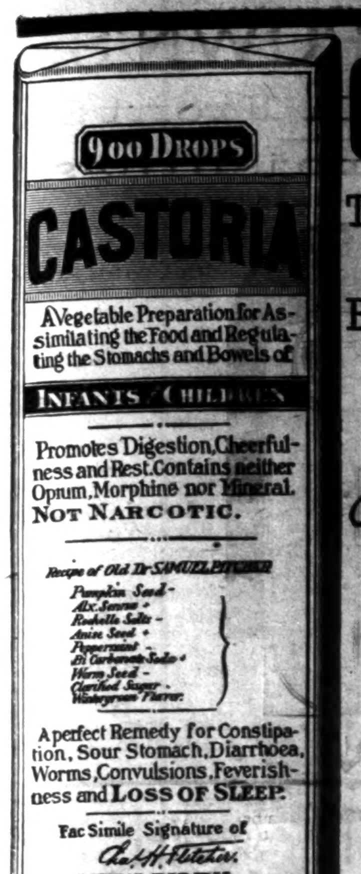
TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS Temple. While in the city call at Prempert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade.

Respectfully,

ARTHUR PREMPERT,

11 South Front street.

my 2 tf



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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Senator's Striped Underwear.

A western senator, who has always been addicted to the habit of wearing striped underwear, had a narrow escape recently on that very account. The striped underwear worn by the distinguished senator looked for all the world like a prisoner's garb, but of course that aspect of the case did not suggest itself to the senator. While en route to Washington on one occasion the fact came to him in a striking way. It was on a sleeping car at night. The car pitched and threw him out of the lower berth on to the floor, clad in his striped underwear.

The lurch of the car startled other folks, too, and two ladies on the opposite side of the senator stuck their heads out to see what the commotion was all about. When they saw the senator crawling under cover in his striped garb, thinking he was an escaped convict they screamed, and pandemonium reigned. The porter was summoned, whereupon the ladies commanded him to remove the "convict."

It took all the "senatorial courtesy" the senator could rake up to prove an alibi, and he was finally able to demonstrate who he was, but he has since abandoned the idea of wearing striped underwear, having reached the conclusion that plain flannels without stripes are much better and far safer.—Washington Post.

Indian Rainmakers.

All the Indian tribes had rainmakers, and some are yet left. This is one of their methods of operation: A large body of Creek Indians had gathered, all decked out in their best finery. Two elderly men retired a short distance and seemed to be mumbling to each other something like prayers or invocations. After some time a fire was made on the bank of the stream, when the two rainmakers gave an order, and a young man plunged into the river, which was there very deep. When he came up, he had a blue catfish in his hand, which one of the old men took and threw into the fire, the tribe looking on in perfect silence. Then there was more mumbling, accompanied by various contortions and gesticulations, when the gathering dispersed. It rained that night. Perhaps, on the whole, the Indian rainmaker is more generally successful than the civilized, one occasionally appearing on the frontier in times of drought, the former having a shrewder and more experienced forecast of weather probabilities and putting in his incantations at the right time.—New York Tribune.

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

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my D&W ly

MY SWEETHEART'S EYES.

Poets have written of hope and love,
Of the things of earth and those above.
They've moaned of folly and sung of fame
And covered with glory some great man's name.
They've chanted their praises of country and town—
Made for their history a wide renown.
Poets have sung of war and peace,
From our own big fights to the wars of Greece.
They've told us fiction, have told us some truth—
Really, they've sung of all things, forsooth,
Unless, perhaps, by some luckless chance
They've forgot to write of my sweetheart's glance.

Ah, mischief is in those eyes of brown,
And love is filling those eyes cast down,
And down in their depths to guard her well
Purity and truth constantly dwell.
Those eyes speak words no tongue could form,
Words that are cold, or wise, or warm.
They've told me things I would never tell—
Said by the coming of May she'll—well,
I almost betrayed it, 'twould never do—
But I know she will; those brown eyes are true.

—London Mail.

SIGNOR SALVINO.

After my old nurse, Jane Williams, had been left a widow, and, worse than that, with two grandchildren to look after, it became one of my duties, as well as one of my pleasures, to suggest various means by which she could make both ends meet. She owned her little house, and as it was a pleasant cottage, just outside of the hustling, noisy part of the city, it often occurred to me that Jane could not do better than rent one of her rooms. She was too old for active work of any kind, and in any event the care of the children would keep her near home. But to my advice in this direction she at first turned a deaf ear. One of her neighbors had aspired to lodgers and had put out a sign to that effect, only to get a man who came down with smallpox the night he entered the house. The neighbor had to burn up half her furniture before she got through with the health board.

"Then look at the expense of them printed notices," said Jane, who counted farthings as most people do dollars. "I'd have to put out a new one every month, for between the sun and the rain and the dust the paper would get dirty, and a dirty sign might make the people think that the rooms was like the sign."

I overcame this objection by offering to pay for all the printed signs entitled "Rooms to Let" that Jane could need, and before I left for my next trip south I had the satisfaction of seeing the neatest placard I could find adorn the doorpost of Mrs. Williams' cottage, and one nice young man had already been to look at a room.

"That will bring you good fortune, Jane," I said in parting with her. "Now remember what I predicted. It will bring you good fortune. I feel it in my bones."

My first evening walk upon getting home, a few months later, was to see Jane. Had she a lodger? Or should I have to pay for scores of soiled and wasted placards and listen to her reproaches? My curiosity rose as I approached the cottage. There was no sign on the door. Evidently she had a lodger. Moreover I could see, even in the dim light, that the house had been newly painted. And when the door opened and Jane welcomed me into the neat sitting room, it didn't take a second glance to tell me that the carpet was new and that the children were better dressed than usual. Jane herself showed the signs of uncommon prosperity.

"Didn't I tell you that lodgers would bring you fortune?" were my first words. "Who is he and when did he come?"

"What!" exclaimed Jane in amazement. "Haven't you heard?"

"Haven't you heard?" echoed the children.

"Heard what?" I said.

"Why, it was in all the papers," continued Jane. "If you find us all alive, Mr. John, you have a right to be surprised. And you haven't heard a word!"

"Oh, Mr. John," shouted both the children at once, "we might all of us been murdered!"—

"Stop, stop," I exclaimed. "Let your grandmother tell me all about it from beginning to end. Sit down there, Jane, and begin at the beginning. So that nice young man turned out to be a murderer?"

"I'll tell you all about it, Mr. John," her face flushing with importance. "It was an awful thing. You may well be surprised to find us all alive"—

"But, Jane," I said, a trifle testily, "I'm not a bit surprised. I should have been surprised to find you all dead."

"Ah," said Jane, "but you don't know what happened. Oh, it was just awful!"

"Well, but go on. Did that young man try to murder you?"

"That young man, Mr. John? Oh, no. He took the room for a week at $2, and I spent 15 cents upon a cake of scented soap for him. He went off without paying a cent. He left a letter in which he said he was going home to die. He took that cake of soap with him too." Jane sighed and went on.

"For two weeks after he left not a soul asked to see the room till one rainy night about 8 o'clock, just as I was a-fixin a pen to write 'Inquire Within' on a new sign, there came a loud knock at the front door. 'Mercy sakes, alive,' says I, 'what can that be?'

"'Perhaps it's a lodger,' says Lizzie, who was studying her lessons at the table there. 'Laws, no,' says I, ''tain't light enough to see the sign.' With that I stepped into the hall and opened the door.

"'I'm lookin for lodgin's,' says a gruff voice, and a big man with a red beard all drippin with rain stepped inside. 'It's not a night for a dog to be out in, is it, mum?' He was inside the settin room before I knew it. Johnny got half under the table, and Lizzie helped me stare at him.

"'Lodgin's is what I want, mum—a place for to sleep in. I see your sign up when I come by here this afternoon, and I says to myself, "This is the place for Bill Crumfit." Bill Crumfit, that's me, mum. Now, it's for you to say whether it is the place for me or not.'

"I kind of hesitated, for his eye was sort of wild, but I could think of no way of getting him out.

"'It's for you to say, mum,' he says again, almost in a shout.

"'My room is $4 a week,' says I all of a tremble. That was double what I always asked, and I thought he might go away.

"'The price is high, mum,' says he, "but as I like the house, I'll take the room. I'll move in right now.' And he stamped the water off his boots so hard that the house shook. Then he asks for a light.

"'A light?' says I.

"'Yes, mum. I don't generally go to bed in the dark when I pays $4 a week for a room. I want a candle. Not,' says he, 'that it is indispensable. For here's what I calls the wanderer's own friend.' And with that he pulls out a bullseye lantern. 'The wanderer's own friend is a wonderful invention,' says he. 'Do you know, mum, that if you open the friend square in the face of a person in the dark, that person won't see nothin at all for quite awhile, especially if that person has been waked up suddint? One night I opened my friend within two inches of an old lady's face. You'd 'a' thought she'd been struck with a club. She went down flat. I don't think she ever got over it. I can't say for sure, 'cause I never called there again. But if you'd 'a' seen her go down all of a heap you'd almost 'a' split yourself laughin.'

"I couldn't see any joke. Lizzie was a-starin at him, her eyes almost out of her head.

"'You have a small family, mum,' says he. 'I always live in a small family—when I can. I've lived in some pretty large families, though. Your interestin daughter which I have the pleasure of seein and your young son in the act of pursuin knowledge makes up your household, mum?'

"I was that frightened I could only say 'Yes.'

"'And what may your name be, mum?' says he, dancin his lantern on his knee.

"'Williams,' says I.

"'Ha!' says he. 'Williams, eh? Names is all fudge anyway, ain't they, mum? I don't never keep the same name longer than three months—if I can help it. Last month my name was Signor Salvino. And, mum,' comin close up to my chair and nudgin me with his lantern, 'what do you think my name was afore that? Guess, mum, guess,' says he. 'You won't guess it if you try all night.'

"I was so flustrated that when he nudged me again with his lantern, I says 'Jones' spasmodical like. 'No,' says he, a-spittin on my best carpet, ''tain't Jones. But it's like it. Guess again.' And he nudged me with that lantern. 'Smith,' says I, desperate like. 'Pshaw,' says he. 'Smith ain't no more like Jones than Crumfit is like Salvino. Crumfit and Salvino is names what I calls far apart. Suppose, mum, you was to know that a man named Salvino—I say supposin, you know—that a man named Salvino had done some murder, supposin he had cut up an old lady into bits and biled her down and sold her for furniture glue—and such things has been done—now, supposin, mum, that a man named Salvino had done this and was to call himself Crumfit, would you see any likeness in the names? Of course not, mum. There ain't nothing like aliases, mum. It's the greatest invention that was ever invented,' says he. 'When a man can get a alias which is the exact opposite of what his name was afore, then, mum, he is safe. If you ever want a alias, mum, come to me,' says he. 'Now, just for curiosity, if you wanted a alias, what would you choose?'

"'I don't know,' says I, a-rubbin my eyes to make sure I was not dreamin. But there was this awful man a-sittin in his wet clothes on my best lounge and a-spittin on my best carpet. If he'd 'a' given me a chance, I'd 'a' sent for the police, but he kept talkin right straight on.

"'So your name is Williams,' says he. 'I knowed a Mrs. Williams once who kept a gunshop in Boston, but you ain't the one, for she was hanged. Well, mum, if I were you and wanted a alias bad, I think if you was to call yourself Mme. Pivoty it would do. Of course the alias must depend somewhat upon what you done. If you only cracked a store or pulled a pocketbook, you might call yourself Skinner or any such name as that, but for anything serious Mme. Pivoty would do. How do you like the name of Pivoty, mum? You'd better remember that name—it might come in useful. I see a kind of wildness in your eye, mum, that makes me think of the great French child torturer, Mme. Oscar. They say she made blue children for circuses by feeding 'em on indigo. She was a genius for puttin children to good uses. She always kept a stock of show children on hand—human skelintons, fat boys, transparent infants and such like. When a fat boy stopped growin, she could turn him out as a skelinton in less than a year. But she couldn't make fat boys out of skelintons—the trainin seemed to injure somethin in their insides. It ain't all children that'll make good skelintons, anyways,' says he. 'Now, your boy there,' lookin at Johnny, 'might do. Mme. Oscar hadn't no success one year, and when she made a dozen failures the police thought she was a-buryin too many infants and fetched her up. She didn't last long after they stopped her; she couldn't live without her interestin work.

"'How do you like Pivoty, mum?' says he again after spittin on my carpet. I began to suspect by this time that he was a kind of lunatic, and I was a-shakin all over.

"'It's a very pretty name,' says I.

"'Pretty, mum!' says he. 'With that name, mum, you might do anything and never get found out. You needn't be afeared, mum, to go ahead. I can see that if you was sure of knowin enough aliases you'd make a name for yourself.'

"His sayin this kind of riled me, if he was a lunatic, but I was afraid to stir an inch. After awhile he jumps up and wants to go to his room. So I makes a sign to Lizzie to go with me, and he followed, feelin of Johnny's arm as he went and sayin that he'd make a good skelinton. When he got to the room, he shook my hand and said 'Good night, sweet angel!' Then he shut the door, and you could have knocked me down with a feather.

"It was 10 o'clock and here I was, with nobody in the house but the children and a big maniac full of all kinds of murderous notions. But I sent Johnny round to the police station to say that we had a lunatic murderer in the house. The police captain came in five minutes.

"'Mrs. Williams,' says he, 'you've got a lunatic worth havin. He went crazy readin dime novels when he was a boy, and escaped from the asylum last week. His friends offer $1,000 for his capture.'

"The captain and two of his men went up and brought him down. He was quiet enough and seemed amused like. When they was takin him out of the door, he says to me: 'Remember, mum, what I told you. When you gets into trouble, you know what to do.'

"The very next week I was paid the $1,000. I washed the sign off the front door, and I guess, Mr. John, that it will stay off."—Hartford Times.

Congressional Obituaries.

The obituary addresses delivered upon the occasion of the death of a member of congress cost the government a good deal of money. Usually 12,000 copies are printed, with a steel plate portrait of the deceased, 50 of which, bound in full morocco with gilt edges, are for the family of the dead congressman. The cost of obituary volumes in the Fifty-first congress was over $50,000.

Chilblains.

"A Grandmother," writing to an exchange, gives the following as a specific for chilblains: Get 5 cents' worth of alum, put it in a bowl, pour on enough boiling water to cover, let stand till cool, and bathe the feet night and morning. It will effect a cure when other means have failed.

Slow Literary Production.

"I suppose you'll hardly believe it," said the colonel, who is writing the libretto of a comic opera, "but I began work right after dinner last night and worked hard till 3 o'clock this morning on eight lines—just eight lines."

"That's nothing," calmly remarked the major. "A friend of mine has been working for the last six years on one sentence."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Mathematical calculations show that an iron ship weighs 27 per cent less than a wooden one and will carry 115 tons of cargo for every 100 tons carried by a wooden ship of the same dimensions, and both loaded to the same draft of water.

In France when a railway train is more than ten minutes late the company is fined by the government.

A CHINESE EXECUTION.

How Murderers Are Killed In the Land of the Celestial.

A correspondent of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer thus describes a Chinese execution:

The victim, Lai Mit, had murdered a Chinese detective, and his punishment, with all its barbaric repulsiveness, was made as conspicuously public as possible as an example to evildoers. Extensive arrangements were made for the carrying out of the execution. Flags were flying from the battlements of the old fort and from three war junks lying near the pier, and large numbers of Chinese were on the beach.

About 3:15 p. m. a war junk was sighted around the point, and a salute was fired from the fort. This was the signal for the final arrangements for the reception of the Chinese officials. A salute of three guns from the fort was replied to by the Namtau junk, and then the junks alongside the pier opened fire. Other salutes from the fort were followed by loud beating of gongs and salutes from the junks.

The soldiers now cleared a square on the beach close to a table at which were placed three chairs. The first to arrive from the junk were the Namtau court officials, who arranged the table for the reception of the mandarin. The wooden cage containing the prisoner was taken up out of the hold of the junk and carried along the pier by coolies and set down in front of the mandarin's table. The prisoner was rather roughly pulled out of the cage and forced down upon his haunches. He scowled fiercely on all around him, muttering imprecations upon his guards. One of the officials stuck a long bamboo, to which was attached a long envelope bearing Chinese characters, down the back of his chair.

All this time the crowd had been jostling and pushing round the prisoner, and the miserable specimens of cooly soldiers were ordered to clear the way to the execution ground. After several unsuccessful attempts had been made to clear a passage the soldiers, brandishing their rattans, eventually cleared sufficient space to allow of the passage of the prisoner and his guard. The executioner, a tall, muscular Chinese, followed behind, carrying his sheathed knife.

At the execution ground the prisoner was ordered to kneel down on his knees. He was shackled with old rusty irons, his hands being tied behind his back. His cue was wound around his head, and his jacket was pulled down from his neck, which was quite bare. The executioner withdrew the knife, a weapon about five feet long, from the sheath and set the prisoner in position, signifying to him to bend his head forward, and emphasizing his instructions by kicking the prisoner lightly in the chest. The executioner then pulled away the envelope from the prisoner's neck.

Punctually at 4:40 o'clock the executioner swung down his blade, and in one stroke the head was severed from the body, just as Lai Mit was cursing the delay. The head was thrown face upward, and the eyes were staring wide open. The soldiery, immediately on the fall of the knife, fired off a running volley. The executioner lifted the head and placed it at the top of the lifeless trunk and then cut the strings which secured the shackles around the arms and legs. Among the large crowd of Europeans who witnessed the execution was one woman. The head of the deceased was hung up in a cage which was lying on the beach. The body will probably be allowed to remain on the beach for some time.

How the Lantern Was Invented.

King Alfred the Great is credited with originating the lantern. He was so bothered by the candle flames blowing in the wind that he protected them by putting the candles in cow horns, which he ordered to be scraped thin. Our grandfathers made lanterns by punching holes and slits in properly shaped pieces of tin, which were then soldered together. The light which came through the little cuts was always very dim and flickering. It was this kind of lantern which the old town watchmen used to carry when they went about calling the hours and the weather in rhyme:

'Tis one o' the clock; midnight is past.
Sleep on, good friends, the time thou hast,
For rise ye must at early dawn.
'Tis one o' the clock and Tuesday morn.

—Chicago Record.

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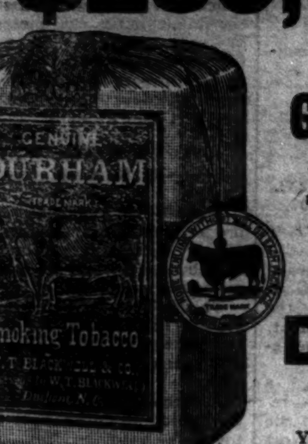

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1897.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.40 P M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 p m, Chadbourn 5.29 p m, Marion 6.41 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 5.30 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.30 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.18 a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2.40 p m, returning leave Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Washington 11.00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.20 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11.20 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9.42 a m, Rowland 10.00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.06 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7.48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.55 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Cheraw 10.40 a m, Wadesboro 2.25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9.35 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10.10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6.30 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.29 p m, arrive Florence 7.00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.43 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.40 a m, Creston 5.34 a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.55 p m, Creston 5.47 p m, Sumter 6.40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

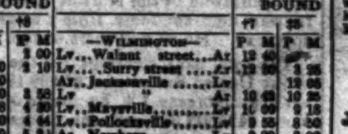
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.35 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

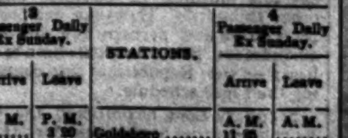
NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND *5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
9 00		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " ...Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	11 00	9 15
12 30	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 52	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. my 28 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 28	....
5 13	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 36
6 07	6 42	Morehead City........	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

mar 27 tf

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jan 22

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TO

ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington............	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton............	5 36 p m	....
Leave Maxton............	6 12 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg............	6 28 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet............	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet............	7 10 p m	*5 1 pm
Leave Rockingham............	7 30 p m	5 28am
Leave Wadesboro............	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville............	8 40 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe............	9 12 p m	6 48am
Leave Monroe............	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte............	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly............	....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton............	....	10 00am
Arrive Shelby............	....	1 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro............	....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton............	....	12 3 pm

†8 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave †6 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton............	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro............	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby............	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton............	....	6 50pm
Leave Mt. Holly............	....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte............	*5 10 am	8 20pm
Arrive Monroe............	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe............	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville............	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro............	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham............	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet............	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet............	8 10 am	....
Leave Laurinburg............	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton............	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton............	9 51 am	....
Arrive Wilmington............	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet............	*8 15 am	*11 30pm
Arrive Raleigh............	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth............	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond............	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington............	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York............	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe............	*4 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville............	11 05am	1 40am
Arrive Athens............	1 15pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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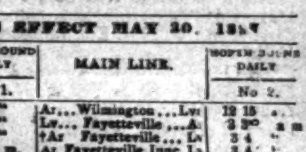
6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
E. St. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.
feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT MAY 30, 1897

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
4 30 p "	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	12 15 a.
1 15 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	3 30 a m
12 45 "	†Ar Fayetteville...Lv	3 4 "
12 42 p. m.	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	3 4 "
11 20 "	Lv ....Sanford....Lv	5 05 p. m
9 29 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	6 14 "
9 10 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	7 5 "
8 43 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	7 4 "
7 52 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	8 23 "
7 19 "	Lv..Walnut Cove...Lv	9 03 "
6 50 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	9 30 "
5 5 a m	Lv....Mt Airy.....Ar	1 10 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 45 a. m
6 15 "	Lv......Maxton......Ar	9 10 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs...Lv	9 37 "
5 0 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 25 "
4 45 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	0 50

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
8 35 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	7 40 a.
6 57 "	Lv .....Climax.....Lv	9 33 "
5 45 "	Lv ...Greensboro...Ar	10 30 "

NORTH BOUND	No. 16 MIXED daily ex su
Leave Greensboro........................	10 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale........................	2 21 "
Arrive Madison........................	1 10 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison........................	2 15 p m
Leave Stokesdale........................	3 05 "
Arrive Greensboro........................	4 3 "

†Meals.

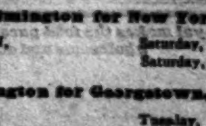
CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with Southern Railway, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.
my 25 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

*ONEIDA, Saturday, June 12
CROATAN, Saturday, June 19

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, June 12
*ONEIDA, Saturday, June 19

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

*ONEIDA, Tuesday, June 15
CROATAN, Tuesday, June 22

*Oneida does not carry passengers.

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1897

SUGAR SCHEDULE.

The First Test Vote Taken in the Senate—Amendment Fixing the Tariff at 1 95 Per Pound Adopted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The first test vote on the sugar schedule was taken in the Senate to-day, resulting in the adoption of the Republican caucus amendment, changing the House rate to 1.95 per pound, by the close vote of yeas 33, nays 30. The affirmative vote was made up of twenty-nine Republicans, one Democrat (McEnery of Louisiana), one Silver Republican (Jones of Nevada), and one Populist (Stewart of Nevada). The negative vote was made up of twenty-five Democrats, three Populists and two Silver Republicans. It was the closest vote thus far taken on an issue of importance, and was accepted as showing that any amendment having the sanction of the caucus was assured of adoption.

The vote was taken after a day spent in speeches on the effect of the sugar schedule. The main speech of the day came from Senator Allison, in charge of the bill, and was in the nature of an answer to the charges made against the sugar schedule as a whole, and a defence of it. Senator Gorman, of Maryland, spoke against the schedule and the entire bill, pointing out that its effect was to burden the people without opening up to us new foreign markets. Senator White reviewed the records of Republican Senators on the sugar schedule during the debate on the Wilson bill, arraigning them for inconsistency. Senator Caffrey, of Louisiana, and Senator Stewart, of Nevada, also spoke, the former against, and the latter for the pending schedule, after which the vote was taken.

The first paragraph of the sugar schedule was not finally disposed of up to the adjournment.

At 5.10 p. m. the bill was laid aside and the Senate went into executive session, adjourning soon after.

MASTER CAR-BUILDERS.

The Association Adjourned—Place of Next Meeting to be Chosen Later—Officers Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA. June 11.—The Master Car-Builders' Convention, which has been in session at Old Point since Tuesday, adjourned this afternoon. An effort was made by the Western members to have next year's convention held in the West, but their invitation was not received with favor and the meeting place will be chosen later by letter or ballot.

Most of to-day's session was devoted to topical discussions, the subjects considered being of a purely technical nature. The following officers were elected:

President, S. A. Crone, New York Central & Hudson River railroad, New York; first Vice President, E. D. Bronner, Michigan Central Railway, Detroit, Michigan; second Vice President, C. A. Schroyer, Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago; third Vice President, J. T. Chamberlin, Boston & Maine railroad, Boston; Treasurer, G. W. Demarest, Northern Central, Baltimore, Md. Executive members—R. H. Soule, Norfolk & Western railroad, Roanoke, Va.; H. S. Hayward, Pennsylvania railroad, Jersey City; A. E. Mitchell, Erie railroad, New York; G. W. Rhodes, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, Aurora, Ill.; Pulaski Leeds, Louisville & Nashville, Louisville, Ky.; M. M. Martin, Wabash railroad, Decatur, Ill.; Secretary, John W. Cloud, Chicago.

The delegates to the convention will visit Richmond to-morrow as the guests of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad.

CRUISER NEW YORK.

Denial of Report That the Vessel Sailed Under Sealed Orders.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—It is now denied at the Navy Department that the cruiser New York sailed away from Boston yesterday under sealed orders as reported. The officials say the ship is going to Newport News and then will return to New York. As it said she will remain a month at Newport News, it is probable that advantage will be taken of the opportunity to dock the New York in the big private dock at that point.

ADVERSE REPORT

Will be Made on Senator Tillman's Investigation Resolution.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Senate Committee on Contingent Expenses has agreed upon a report on the Tillman resolution for an investigation of the report that Senators have been engaged in speculation in sugar stock during the pending of the Tariff bill. The report will be adverse to the resolution, and it is understood will go quite fully into the merits of the question, showing such investigations as that proposed to be generally barren of results.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending June 11.

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week	13,299	18,810
Total receipts to this date	6,576,569	5,107,104
Exports for the week	44,188	37,262
Total exports to this date	5,727,815	4,307,608
Stock in all United States ports	265,688	280,257
Stock at all interior towns	77,627	118,114
Stock in Liverpool	1,061,000	976,000
American afloat for Great Britain	35,000	35,000

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ANXIETY AT MADRID

CONCERNING THE ATTITUDE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Idea of American Interference in Cuba Bitterly Resented—Spain Drifting Again Into Strained Relations with the U. S. Government.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 11.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Standard* says:

"The Madrid papers re-echo the popular anxiety and curiosity concerning the attitude which the United States will adopt in the face of recent events. The sensation caused by the reports of a change of attitude increased when it was announced that American tribunals had acquitted filibusters who had been stopped by an American man-of-war. Much suppressed indignation can be discerned between the lines of press articles, of every shade of opinion, bitterly resenting the idea of American interference in Cuba. Everything shows that Spain is drifting again into strained relations with the United States. Indeed, most Spaniards are convinced that the significance of the issues lies in the fact that the Queen-regent has given another trial to the Canovas-Weyler policy, chiefly because the Premier and the Captain-General are both considered best able to show a bold front and to act with energy in case President McKinley and Secretary Sherman should decide to intervene upon humanitarian and philanthropic grounds.

"Any suggestion of mediation shows but little knowledge of the temper and feelings of the Spaniards. Any such step on the part of America would induce all parties, even the Republicans and the Carlists, to rally round the cabinet. Although official circles and the press affect to feel confidence in the friendly disposition of America, it is easy to detect unusual anxiety as to the news from Washington."

LONDON, June 11.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "It is thought that the Cabinet, as at present constituted, will continue only during the Summer sojourn of the court at San Sebastian and that on the Queen Regent's return to the capital it will be radically changed.

"Senor Canovas del Castillo denies the report recently telegraphed of the retirement of Captain General Weyler, but although for the moment he remains at his post there is the best reason for believing that his resignation has been received by the Premier, to be accepted or not, as the latter deems best, according to the circumstances of the moment.

"In the meantime Captain-General Weyler has sent a telegram to the Premier, recommending that municipal elections be held immediately in Cuba. This may be the precursor of other conciliatory measures on his part, but Captain-General Weyler's antecedents are not such as to inspire confidence among the people of the island with regard to his bona fide direction of liberal reforms, nor is the present rehabilitated government in a position to keep him long at his post in view of the path that will have to be followed for a general pacification of Cuba.

"Reports are current that a private understanding exists between Senor Canovas and Senor Sagasta, by the terms of which the latter is to succeed the former at the proper moment, but not at the present critical juncture, so that the succession to power shall always be kept between the chief parties to the exclusion of their minor factions, including the Carlists and the Republicans."

TREATY OF ALLIANCE

Said to Have Been Definitely Arranged Between France and Russia.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 10.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says: "I am in a position to affirm that a definite treaty of alliance will be signed during M. Faure's approaching visit to Russia by the Emperor Nicholas, President Faure, Count Muravieff, the Russian Foreign Minister, and M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister. The treaty, whose terms have already been settled, will be one of the most laboriously constructed instruments of the kind. Ever since 1889 it has been in process of construction. Two Czars and three French Presidents, with their respective ministers, have been working upon it, the negotiations often being suspended, owing to death, resignation and similar interruption.

"A military convention was carefully considered, and the instruments exchanged were settled upon the basis of an alliance between the two nations and signed in the early part of 1894. This has been the sole document hitherto binding the two nations.

WARM WIRELETS.

The United States torpedo boat Porter was put through her manœuvring paces yesterday and came up to all expectations.

At Georgetown (Del) yesterday, Jas. M. Gordy was hanged for the murder of his wife. He died game, and protested his innocence to the last.

Col Frank Huger, superintendent of transportation of the Norfolk & Western railway, died suddenly from a stroke of apoplexy. He was 60 years of age.

The total bank clearings for the week in the United States were $1,008,182,516; per cent. increase, 7.8. Exclusive of New York, $426,947,817; per cent. increase, 9.4.

In consequence of over-winding, a terrible accident occurred in the Gaith colliery, at Maestag, Glamorganshire, Wales. The cage was precipitated to the bottom of a shaft 860 feet deep. Ten men were killed.

James C. McIlwain, of Sewellsville, Belmont county, Ohio, who shot himself on a Chesapeake & Ohio train at East Clifton Forge, Va., Thursday night, died there yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The jury for the trial of officials of the American Tobacco Company, on the indictment charging them with conspiracy, was completed yesterday in New York city, and the hearing was then adjourned until Monday next.

Terrell Hudson, colored, sentenced to hang at Decatur, Ga., yesterday, for the murder in November last, of Seab Macolm, another negro, with whom he had quarrelled about a dog, has been respited for two weeks by Governor Atkinson.

Republican Senators will hold a caucus this morning to consider among other things the Hawaiian reciprocity proposition and perhaps the anti-trust amendment. Some dissatisfaction is also heard on the Republican side concerning the sugar schedule.

Secretary Long has ordered the trial by court martial of Commander D. W. Mullan, United States Navy, on a charge of drunkenness. Commander Mullan was in command of the Pensacola navy yard at the time the charges were current and demanded a court of inquiry.

Dr. J. J. Kilpatrick, a prominent physician of Midville, Ga., charged with the murder of Jos. Spring, was given a preliminary hearing at Midville and discharged. Kilpatrick was Spring's family physician, and the theory of the detectives is that he killed Spring in order to marry Mrs. Spring, with whom he was said to be infatuated.

A dispatch from Georgetown, S. C., says: A deputy sheriff has gone to an adjacent island to arrest a crowd of negroes, part of a church's congregation, charged with murdering a man who attacked the preacher in church. The preacher had made some reflections on his assailant.

THE CASE OF RUIZ.

CONSUL GENERAL LEE'S REPORT TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

The Spaniards Knew Ruiz Was An American Citizen—He Was Arrested On a False Charge—Kept in Confinement in Violation of Treaty Rights—His Death Caused by a Blow on the Head.

UNITED STATES CONSULATE GENERAL,
HAVANA, May 31, 1897.

To Hon. John Sherman, Secretary of State:

Sir—The right having been reserved to make a separate report to my Government in the Ruiz case, I have the honor to submit the following statement, which I request will be filed with the report of the Commissioners:

He was about forty-six years of age, a dentist by profession, married, and resided with his wife and children at the town of Guanabacoa, four miles from Havana; arrested on the 4th of February, 1897, about 9 a. m., at his house in Guanabacoa, charged with being connected with the attack on a railroad train on the night of the 10th of January, 1897, at a point nearly midway between Guanabacoa and Havana, about two and one-half miles from the latter city.

The evidence of his most intimate friends and that taken before the military judge, as per record submitted with the commissioners' report, shows he was quiet and domestic in his tastes, a peaceful American citizen, engaged in the active pursuit of his profession—that he took no part in the military or political proceedings on this island, or had at any time any communication by writing or otherwise with those engaged in the insurrection, and that at the time of the attack by armed insurrectionists on the train he was in the house of a neighbor and friend, opposite his own, in Guanabacoa, until 10 p. m., and then went to his own abode, where he passed the night—and knew nothing of said attack until next morning, when it was known generally to the public.

He was taken from his home and profession, wife and children, carried to jail and thrust into cell marked 4 in the diagram, and whose dimensions are given in the report of the commissioners, being one of the three smallest cells of the jail used for keeping prisoners in solitary confinement. The dimensions of the cell in which Dr. Ruiz was confined are greater than given in my previous reports, which were based upon the statements then received from persons who did not and could not measure it; but the fact remains that he was in a cell alone day and night, with stone walls and stone floor, and with no ventilation for air or light, except a rectangular iron-barred opening or transom above the door.

The manner of his confinement was a violation of article 320, law of criminal procedure, ruling in Cuba and Puerto Rico, which demands that "Provisional imprisonment shall be made in the manner and form least prejudicial to the person and reputation of the accused."

KNEW HE WAS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

While the cognizance of his case being confided at first to the jurisdiction of the military authorities was a violation of section 1 of the protocol between Spain and the United States, signed January 12, 1897, which stipulated that no citizen of the United States residing in Spain, her adjacent islands or her ultramarine possessions charged with any "crime whatsoever" shall be subject to trial by any exceptional tribunal, but exclusively by the ordinary jurisdiction, except in the case of being captured with arms in hand, the testimony shows the jailer knew Dr. Ruiz was an American citizen on the day of his arrest—viz., 4th February, 1897—and that the Acting Governor and Captain General of the island was informed of the fact on the next day, but it was ten days after his arrest and three days before his death—viz., the 14th of February, 1897—that the acting Governor General directed his case to be referred to the jurisdiction of the civil court, and that he died before said court considered it.

The improper judicial proceedings, in the first place, and the length of time consumed in getting the case before the proper authority, during which the solitary prisoner was the occupant of a cell, proved fatal.

The testimony shows Dr. Ruiz was a healthy and unusually strong, able and athletic man. That he had no hereditary mental or disease of the heart or other bodily ailments.

He was confined "incommunicado," and neither his wife, children nor friends were allowed to communicate with him. He was carried alive to his cell, and at the end of 315 hours was brought out a corpse, having been subjected to "incommunicado" imprisonment in violation of his treaty rights 243 hours over and above the 72 hour limit.

From the time he was placed "incommunicado" until his death, all knowledge of his condition was confined to his jailers, and therefore there can be no other except that of these officials as to the mode of his treatment or manner of his death, and it could not be expected that in case of bad treatment they would testify against themselves or against each other. So such testimony should be received not with "a grain of salt," but with a barrel.

A witness named Rafael Galindo, who holds a Government position, testified that he carried, at Mrs. Ruiz's request some bed clothes for the use of Dr. Ruiz in his cell on the same day he was arrested, but the testimony of his most intimate friends, viz., Juan Gratocos and Jose Puiggros, does not confirm such testimony; and a letter from Mrs. Ruiz to me, written four days after his death, a copy of which is hereby transmitted, says: "During the thirteen days he remained 'incommunicado' they did not allow me to take to him a cot or even a hammock, but only a hard chair, on the 9th of February, when the jail official finally, after my repeated requests, consented or allowed me to send to my husband the chair I send you herewith, and in which you will see the last impressions of a man in his full mental faculties."

HIS DYING MESSAGE TO HIS CHILDREN.

The "impressions" referred to and which I have seen, were sentences around the rim of the back, evidently indented with the nails of the fingers, and which read:

"Mercedes, Nene, Evangeline, Ricardito—Good by, my children of my life. I give you my blessing. Be obedient to your mother. They will kill me. If I am taken to Havana tell everything. Good-by; Rita of my soul."

This chair, Mrs. Ruiz says, she sent for after her husband's death, and I have seen lately persons in whose statements I place reliance that the writing around the rim of the back was not discovered, as the chair was of light color and the indented letters not distinct, for some days after it had been returned to her house.

I make these statements because I found that witnesses who had testimony unfavorable to the Spanish authorities would not give it, for obvious reasons, and if the right to make them appear was exercised, it would result, they said, in their giving non-committal evidence, for in their opinion the mere fact of being summoned would make them "suspects" considered disloyal to the Spanish authorities on the island.

An autopsy was held on his body on the afternoon of the 18th at Guanabacoa, participated in by two Spanish doctors, viz., Francisco Vidal Alvando and Jose Martinez Castrillon, and Dr. D. M. Burgess, the United States sanitary inspector at this port, at which the United States Consul General was not present. That said autopsy, signed by the two Spanish doctors, declared Dr. Ruiz's death resulted from cerebral congestion; that on the apex or top of the head of deceased there was found a contusion or wound which is described by the Spanish doctors as being a "small abrasion," which only involved the first surfaces of the skin, about a centimeter long, more or less, a centimeter being about two-fifths of an inch, but which is described by Dr. Burgess as being "a severe contusion of about an inch and a half long by a half-inch wide."

I deduce from my knowledge of the facts the following conclusions:

First—Dr. Ruiz was arrested on a false charge.

Second—He was placed under an improper jurisdiction and died before the proper tribunal considered his case, thereby giving him no opportunity to prove his innocence.

Third—That he was kept "incommunicado" in a solitary cell for 315 hours, in violation of his treaty rights, which limit such confinement to seventy-two hours.

Fourth—He died from congestion of the brain, produced by a blow on the top of the head.

UNJUST CONFINEMENT KILLED HIM

Fifth—There are two theories connected with the wound on the head. One that in a state of mental excitement he ran across the cell as described by one of the jailers, and butted his head on the door in a frantic effort to get out. Another, that he was struck over the head with one of the clubs carried by the jailers—by the immediate watchman—who had probably ordered him to cease his cries for relief and for his children, and upon his not doing so struck him with more force than he intended, or it is possible the blow was delivered to make him confess or give evidence against others.

It is possible he went mad, and many causes combined to produce such a result.

His knowledge of his own innocence—his confinement in a gloomy cell, where he was not allowed to communicate with family or friends—or to send or write. Alone, all alone, the thought doubtless impressed itself upon his mind that he was liable in the reign of terror then existing in and around Guanabacoa to be summarily executed at any moment. He loved his wife and children, and in the darkness and loneliness of his cell he was constantly crying out for them. The thought that they were but a few rods away and yet he might never see them again or hear the sound of their voices or feel the touch of their lips and hands maddened him and proved too much for the mind of the distracted and unhappy man, and I thought it not impossible as the long hours passed by, it may have given way and left him a madman. His wife says his derby hat was all battered up and his clothes greatly torn when returned to her.

But whether when bereft of reason he inflicted the blows which produced brain congestion or whether he died at the hands of others, the truth will probably only be known when the hearts of all are revealed—the fact remains, his unjust confinement killed him, and had he been released from incommunicado by the hand of man at the end of seventy two hours the hand of death might not have released him at the end of 315 hours and to day the widow would have had the support of her husband and the moan of his fatherless children would never have been heard in the land.

I therefore, conclude, saving as I have done in all previous reports about this case, that whether Dr. Ruiz killed himself or was killed by some one else, will, under the existing conditions, always remain unknown.

I am very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
FITZHUGH LEE.

FATAL SHOOTING.

Mason Clark Killed by William Franks Near Laurens, South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 11.—A special to the *News and Courier* from Laurens, S. C., says: William Franks and his father, Barksdale Franks, went to the house of Mason Clark, eight miles from this city, last night, and called Clark out. An altercation ensued and William Franks shot Clark to death with a pistol, three shots taking effect in the breast. Clark was a farmer and Franks was his employe, but was spending the night with Barksdale Franks, who is a neighboring farmer. The Franks surrendered last night and are in jail. Clark leaves a wife and children, while Franks has been married three weeks. Franks is an albino.

GREECE AND TURKEY.

Progress of Peace Negotiations—No Hope for the Early Evacuation of Thessaly—The Amount of Indemnity.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 12.—The ambassadors at Constantinople to some extent ignore the absence of Tewfik Pasha and continue their negotiations without him. It is understood they have reached the conclusion that it is useless to hope for the early evacuation of Thessaly. The harvest, therefore, will be reckoned a part of the indemnity; Greece will be called upon to pay £1,500,000, and Thessaly will be evacuated after the harvest.

The general council of the Reformed Episcopal church has decided to make the black gown the vestment to be used on all occasions except by those who are now using the surplice. This action caused a number of prominent clergymen and laymen to resign from important committees.

Timothy Dexter.

Whether "Lord" Timothy Dexter, that most grotesque figure in New England's annals, was a madman, an imbecile or simply a humorist who delighted in exciting the wonder and indignation of his staid Puritan neighbors is a question that never received the attention it deserves. Most of the things which he did would pass well enough for jokes nowadays, and perhaps they would have done so in his time had he lived in a region where anybody who did not take himself and the world with deadly seriousness was regarded as hardly entitled to be called human.

Dexter had at least the money getting and money keeping faculty, and it was developed to such an extent that even the shrewdest of his Yankee rivals could not often claim the glory of getting the better of him in a business way. That he put new names on the statues in his dooryard whenever the fancy to do so seized him may have been merely a veiled criticism of New England sculptors, and his book with the punctuation marks all collected on the last pages betrayed originality rather than mania, if one looks at it in the right light. His exportation of warming pans to the West Indies turned out too profitably to have been prompted by sheer ignorance. It is at least possible that Dexter was an early Pudd'nhead Wilson who rather enjoyed the derision of his contemporaries. This theory would have stood better the test of examination if he had not drifted into scandalous ways in his later years, but perhaps that was due to exasperation over the refusal of his fellow townsmen to see the point of his jokes.—New York Times.

IF YOU WISH to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. No other medicine has such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c. †

A Hindoo Made of Rubber.

A Hindoo named Bava Luchman Dass is attracting the interested attention of the London medical profession. Mr. Dass is a Yogi, and if all Yogis are like Mr. Dass the ordinary treatises on anatomy must be subjected to revision. He was exhibited to the Students' Anatomical society of St. George's hospital and introduced by the lecturer as "an unusually complicated specimen of the Indian Yogi—a Brahman, namely, of a very high caste—who goes through certain religious exercises with a view of qualifying himself better for paradise." These religious exercises seem to take a physical form, and Mr. Dass, a little, dark gentleman, sat upon the table and proceeded to exhibit a selection from the 84 abnormal positions which he has put in 40 solid years in learning.

He seemed to have ligaments of the gutta percha persuasion, while his joints evidently work on all bearings. He formed his legs into a cravat and tied them about his neck. He hopped about on one hand and strolled about jauntily on his knees, a position which is said to greatly assist thought, though the thoughts of a white man in such a position would hardly be fit for publication. He folded his legs tightly around his body and stood thoughtfully on his finger tips for several minutes, in which posture he declared he was able to remain for seven days. However, as the medical students did not wish to carry out this particular experiment to its bitter end, Mr. Dass proceeded to tie himself up in a knot and to go to sleep on one leg like a flamingo. Then sitting down suddenly he brought the soles of his feet together, his knees being at such an acute angle that nothing short of complete dislocation could have made the performance possible. The lecturer endeavored to follow his movements on an extremely suggestive looking skeleton which he had by his side and finally came to the conclusion that Mr. Dass had no ligaments at all.—London Graphic.

Treacherous Cape Cod.

Nobody knows how many vessels have been wrecked on Cape Cod since the bleak December day when the Mayflower rounded Race point and sought shelter in what is now the harbor of Provincetown. The number is very great, however, and the loss of life on this most dangerous part of the whole New England coast has been something appalling. A list, admitted to be incomplete, of the wrecks since 1873 shows that 151 vessels, including three steamers, have gone to pieces on the pitiless sands of the cape, and, had not the waves always hastened to remove the evidences of their work, the shore all the way from Chatham, at the elbow of Massachusetts' elbow, to the crook of her bent hand would be piled high with the ribs and planking of shattered vessels. A large proportion of the cape's victims are coasting schooners, with only an occasional bark or brig. These disasters, therefore, rarely attract much attention, but they are tragical none the less, and almost every storm adds to the number of dreadful stories which the lighthouse keepers and members of the life saving service have to tell.—New York Times.

English as a Cursing Medium.

A pleasing testimonial to the resources of the English language was given at Manchester. An inquiry was being held as to a house reputed to be used for gambling. It was frequented by poor Jews, and they were stated in a general way to have spoken their own Yiddish—except when they wished to swear. Then they used English. Our oaths appear to be simpler and stronger than those of any other tongue. The Spaniards', though it must be admitted they are coarser, are too elaborate. They swear, not in words, but in sentences. The same may be said of Italian execrations. French oaths are a failure. They beat us in slang, but in simple objurgation they are nowhere. German imprecations mean a good deal, but that is just where they fail. The essence of a good round oath is mystery. And that is why American swearing, though sonorous, misses its mark. There is too much thought in it.—St. James Gazette.

Hairpin Motor.

A fuse burned out in one of the Wethersfield cars, and the car at once came to a standstill. After a moment the motorman opened the front door, and, putting in his head, inquired, "Can any lady lend me a hairpin?" His singular request was at once complied with, and in a short time the car was again under way. "What did you want that hairpin for?" asked the woman who had supplied it of the conductor when that official came to collect her fare. "To make a fuse out of," was the reply, "and I guess you are entitled to ride free this trip." And she did, while the other passengers applauded heartily.—Hartford Post.

Not Implicated.

Friend—Don't the police know nothing about the burglary?

The Victim—I don't think so. I don't suspect the police.—Pick Me Up.

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Eggs at 12½ cents per dozen. You can't buy them as low anywhere else. Neill McKinnon, No. 2 South Water street. je 12 1t

For Sale—The Cottage on Carolina Beach known as the Castle, Six rooms. Cost over $1,000. Will be sold cheap. D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. je 11 tf

Wanted—Agents, teachers preferred, to introduce a school work. Best seller. Good salary. Send 15 cents for postage on sample copy, particulars, etc. T. S. Watson, Salisbury, N. C. je 10 2t*

Watermelons—Received this a. m. car load Melons. Will be closed out at wholesale and retail foot of Dock street. W. J. Kirkham & Co. je 10 tf

Prices to suit the hard times. Fine Candies, Ice Cream and Fresh Fruits can be had at Andrew Mavronichols', 706 North Fourth street. Orders left Saturday for Ice Cream delivered Sunday. Bell 'Phone 346. my 30 tf

For Sale—One small hand Job Press, size 5½x8¼. Brand new. Write or call for particulars. Wilmington Stamp Works, 15 Princess street. my 26 tf

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce, Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street, I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 8m

Brown Dress Linens, New Rugs, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 18 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed food for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. [illegible]

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ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

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Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 4 00 p. m., 6.15 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

NOTICE.

Ice and Marketing on 6.30 a. m. train. Freight will be received until 9 40 a. m. for 10.10 train; until 4.30 p. m. for 5 10 train. No freight carried on other trains.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
je 1 tf Superintendent.

Seaboard Air Line.

IT HAS NOW BEEN ARRANGED FOR THE North Carolina Confederate Veteran special to leave Wilmington at 9 o'clock Monday morning, June 21st, for Nashville. If there is sufficient movement from points north of the Carolina Central, a special will be run from Raleigh also, over the Raleigh & Augusta, connecting at Hamlet. There will also be specials from the Western Division. All will consolidate at Monroe and move from that point, solid train, reaching Atlanta at about the same time as the South Carolina special which leaves Catawba on the same date. These trains will run through solid to Nashville, Tenn., without change of cars. je 10 tf

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BY DIRECTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the "East Carolina Piscatorial Association," I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in the City of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 12th day of June, 1897, at 12 o'clock m., ten shares of the Capital Stock of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association standing in the name of J. S. Westbrook, 5 shares standing in the name of R. A. Moore and 5 shares standing in the name of I. F. Hill, to satisfy and pay the sum of one hundred and five dollars on stock of J. S. Westbrook, one hundred and seven dollars on stock of R. A. Moore and twenty dollars on stock of I. F. Hill, due as unpaid assessments on said stock; said assessments having been duly and regularly called by order of the said Board and payment thereof having been refused by J. S. Westbrook, R. A. Moore and I. F. Hill, the subscribers to said stock.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
my 20 20t Attorney.

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my 9 tf D&W

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Iredell Meares and P. B. Manning, Receivers, vs. S. F. Yopp et al., the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree, will expose for sale to the highest bidder at public auction, for cash, on Monday, June 21st, 1897, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock m., the following lot of land situate in the city of Wilmington, N. C., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southern line of Brunswick street 207 and ½ feet East of the Eastern line of Fifth street and running thence with the Southern line of Brunswick street Eastwardly 30 feet, thence South and parallel with Sixth street 66 feet, thence West and parallel with Brunswick street 30 feet, and thence North and parallel with Sixth street 66 feet to the beginning, the same being east ½ Lot 1 in Block 365, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, all of which is particularly described in a certain Deed of Mortgage executed by S. F. Yopp and wife, Kate M. Yopp, to the Carolina Inter-State Building and Loan Association, bearing date January 5th, 1895, and recorded in book 11, pages 341 and 342, Records of New Hanover county.

S. P. COLLIER,
my 26 2t ju 1 8 15 20 Commissioner.

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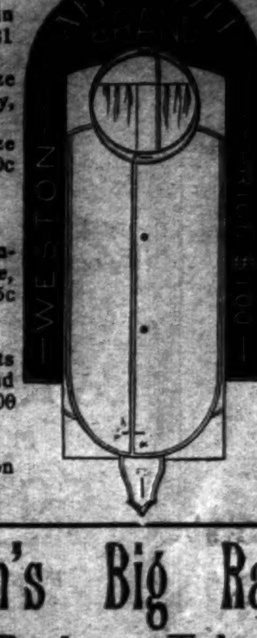

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Ladies' nice Trimmed Hats, with flowers and ribbons at 50c.

Men's Odd Pants—Heavy Jeans at 29c. Pretty Cottonade at 39c. Special and best quality Linen Pants at 50c, worth $1.00. Fine Flannel Pants, all colors, at 75c and $1.00.

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Good Suits at $2.95 and 3.25 a Suit.

Shoes for Ladies—Nice fine honest goods, clean stock, at 50, 60, 75c a pair.

Men's Shoes from 75, 90c, $1.00 and 1.25, and 1.39, 1 50 up to 2.50 and 3 00 a pair.

Children's Button Shoes, from 2's to 5's, at 19, 25, 35 and 50c a pair.

Children's Shoes, from 6's to 8's, for 25 to 60; from 9's to 11's, 35 to 75c; from 12's to 2's, for 50c to $1 25 a pair.

Ladies' Leather Belts from 10 to 15, 25, 35 and 50c.

Shirt Waist Sets—3 studs, 1 collar button, 1 pair linked cuff buttons, for 10, 25 and 50c a Set.

Gent's fine Shirt Sets, Studs, at 25, 50 and $1 00.

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Nice Umbrellas for 45, 50 65, 75, 90c, $1 00 and up to 2.00. Umbrellas at bottom prices.

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Dragon-colored Spool Cotton at 1c a spool. Four Lead Pencils at 1c. Six balls of Sewing Thread at 5c. One box of 8 ounces Clinch Shoes Nails at 5c. A heavy pair Half Soles at 10c. Six pairs heavy Shoe Laces at 5c. Two large sticks of Stove Polish at 5c. One box of fine Iron-Shine at 5c. One large bottle of Bixby's Shoe Polish at 5c, worth 10c. One quart bottle of good black Writing Ink at 23c.

Heavy Plaids at 3½c. Good Ginghams, 3½c.

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my 30 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

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